

PROSODIA ALVARIANA AUCTA et EMENDATA

In quâ

SYLLABARUM QUANTITAS plenè breviter
et perspicuè docetur, atq; aded ad rectam
vocabulorum Pronunciationem, et ver-
sum Scanfionem, facilis via sternitur.

Iterum edita

Cum *Interpretatione Anglicâ* in tyronum gratiam
concinnaâ,

Accedit huc

APPENDIX de *Patronymicis, Possessivis et Genti-*
libus, Diminutivis, Denominativis et Verbalibus,
quantitatem penultimæ & antepenultimæ syllabæ
in aliquot adhuc millibus vocabulorum docens.

Per J. WORSLEY.

LONDINI:

Apud AARONEM WARD ad Insignia Regia in *Little-Britain*;
et RICHARDUM HETT, ad insigne Bibliorum et
Diadematis in the *Poultry*. MDCCLXXV.

ALVARIANA PROSODIA

AUCTA ET EMENDATA

47.
2/13

SYLLABARUM QUINTAS plenè prævitæ
et perspicuè docetur, sed; adeo ad rectam
vocalium Pronunciationem, et ver-
tuam Scansionem, facilis via sternitur



Com hæc præfatio, Angliæ in Typographia
CONDONÆ.

Auctoris hæc

APPENDIX de Pronunciatione, Possessivis et Genti-
libus, Diminutivis, Pronominativis et Verbalibus,
quantitas penultima & antepenultima Syllabæ
in aliquot aliis multis vocabulis docetur.

PER J. WORSLEY.

LONDINÆ

And Auctoris Warrant ad hæc Regia in hæc Britanniæ;
et hæc Regia in hæc Britanniæ;
hæc in hæc Britanniæ.

L E C T O R I

Opusculum hoc, Lector benevole, primò editum est sine ulla interpretatione: quae cum postea visa est necessaria, aut saltem utilis, in hoc temporis intervallo paucula quaedam errata irrepsisse observata sunt; pauca item alia, sed perpauca, mutare visum est, ob certas causas, quae, cum opus infra divulgatum prelo typographico exierit, facile comparebunt. Utraque, ut vides, (comprehensis etiam *Addendis*) perpusillum implent spatium.

Corrigenda, Mutanda, et Addenda.

Page 3. Line 8. lege *es loco* et.

- | | | |
|-------|------------|---|
| Ibid. | 14. | <i>khoeceus pro Rhaetius: ibid. ojus.</i> |
| 4. | 5. | <i>post Virg. adde duosq; alteris Phoebo: id.</i> |
| 5. | 12. | <i>PERFECTIS pro PRAETERITIS.</i> |
| Ibid. | 13. | <i>Perfecta pro Praeterita: ibid. ult. de p20 de.</i> |
| 6. | 3. | <i>λῆμϞ pro λῆμϞ. Ibid. 16 pago unde pango.</i> |
| 7. | 2. | <i>Aeneadas pro Aeneades. Ib. l. 14. Quintili-a 56 an-us.</i> |
| Ibid. | 30. | <i>Connubium 48. Ibid. antep. y pögillaris.</i> |
| 9. | 15. | <i>Produc 13 a partis compössi sine prioris:</i> |
| Ibid. | 29. | <i>post supra insere, p. 4. l. pen. et.</i> |
| Ibid. | post infra | <i>----- p. 10. antep. et.</i> |
| 15. | 14. | <i>Ecthlipsis pro Eclipsis.</i> |

In the Pref.

ΠΙΝΑΚΙΔΙΑ ΤΕΤΡΑΓΩΣΣΑ:

OR,

T A B L E S

OF THE

Greek, Latin, English, and French

V E R B S,

DECLINED

Through all the *Moods, Tenses, Numbers, and Persons*, in words at *full length*, with the terminations distinguish'd, and yet the *whole* conjugation in *one view*.

Together with the

IRREGULARS in LATIN and FRENCH.

**N. B. Ob defectum communis quantitatis
Notae, ejus, perinde ac suâ, Diaeresis
[.] vice fungitur.**

1. mēus, p̄er, fūit, mīhi: & per hanc regulam vocalis elidenda, sed non elisa, corripitur (ut apud Graecos) quamvis alioqui sit longa; ut, Si mē amas --- Hor. At contra quæ amara --- Lucr. Credimus? an qui amant --- Virg. --- ut litus Hyla, Hylā omne sonaret. id. Ecl. 6. 44. ubi ultima prioris Hyla produ- citur Caesurâ, vel t̄b sequentem aspiratam, quæ obtinet vim consonæ: ut ib. l. 53. & Aen. 9. 610.

2. fiēbam, tiam, fies. 3. fierem, fieri. 4. diēi, speciēi.

5. unius, illius, &c. producuntur autem in prosâ, 6. Nec facile corripiam so- lius, & utrius, cum compositis neutrius & alterutrius. Saltem veterum occurrit nemo, qui penultimam in his corripuerit. Voss. Prof. p. 117.

7. similes vocativos; ut, Cāi, Vultēi.

8. & Io [filia Inachi] semel corripitur ab Ovid. in Ep. Hypermetestæ ad Li- num, alibi tamen saepius produxit; ut & Virg. & alii.

9. Thrēcius, Orphēa, aēr, thēatrum, &c. quorum quantitas vix dignosci potest, nisi ex origine græcâ; videas tamen Prosodiam accuratissimi Sol. Lowe, Appendix to Grammar, p. 20. not. 13. 14, 15, 16. †.

10. item hebraea; ut, Cāin, Abrāham, &c. vide Poët. L. Giesf. p. 17.

11. Substantiva in eus, diaeresi factâ, corripunt penultimam; ut, Orphēus; quorum 12. Adjectiva in eus [græcè εἰς] producuntur: ut, Orphēus, Pen- thēus, &c. 13. corripuntur verò cum desinant in eus; ut, Orphēus, Rhodo- pēus, &c. antepenultimâ productâ. 14. ut Achelēus, Myrtēus, &c.

15. Aëolus, Meliboëus, laūs, aut. 16. Primus ex pridimus, manūs ex ma- nuis, bōbus ex bovibus, libam ex iebam, &c. sed ambitus & ambitio Synco- pen videntur pati. 17. præire, præiustus: sed præiret Stat. præopto Mar- sian. Capell. 18. Ovidius corripit, producant alii.



CAPUT PRIMUM

De VOCALI ante VOCALEM,

Vocalem breviant¹ alia subeunte Latini :
 Fio² (ni capit³er) produc ; ⁴quintaeque dativum
 Et patrium, exceptis fidēique spēique rēique ;
 Iūs⁵ commune est vati ; (producito aliūs⁶,
 Alterius breviam) Pompēi, & ⁷caetera, produc ;
 Protrahiturque ēheu ; sed iō⁸ variatur, & öhe.

[Nomina⁹ Graecorum certa sine lege vagantur :
 Quaedam etenim longis ; ceu dīa, *chorēa, platēa ;
 Quaedam etiam brevibus ; veluti symphonīa, gaudent ;
 Haec verò ¹⁰ambiguus ; Orīon, Dīana, Geryon.
 Eus fixum¹¹, si fiat -eūs, breve ; mobile¹² longum :
 Eiūs¹³, ut Rhaetēius ; ōiūs¹⁴ inquis ; & ōus. †

* Corripiuntur tamen aliquando chorēa, platēa, Nerēis, Malēa, conopēum,
 & alia naturā longa, vel per Syncopen, vel cum peculiaris aliqua Dialectus graeca
 vocalem longam in suam brevem mutaverit : contrariis item modis producantur
 breviam ; ut, Rhēa per Epenthesein rē & post e Rhēa ; sic fiunt Ilionēa & Idō-
 menēa Jonicē pro -īa, Rōa item pro -ōa, & cichorēum a κισχόρεον pro κισχόριον,
 &c. Idcirco etiam variatur ēous ; quia nunc per e, nunc per n scribitur.

† Sidonius, Prudentius, Plautus, & alii in graecis vocabulis non tam
 syllabae, quā accentūs, rationem habuere ; ut in Marīae, Euripidis, Arāto,
 Sidon. trigōnus, tetragōnon, Aufon. buŷrum Valg. Phaedrōmus Plaut. immō &
 Philippus id. Paracletus, erēmus Prud. phrenēs Seren.—Sic utrāq; in plurali
 numero, Aufon. & Prud. scilicet more Graecorum : & contrā in graecis
 latinismos admittebant ; ut in Nestōrem, Hestōrem, &c.—Item extra
 pronunciationem ē graecis longas corripiunt ; ut, Ecclesiā, Sedul. Chalcedōn,
 haeresis, ethicis, enigmata. Prud. Vide Poët. Lat. Giesl. p. 93, 94, 95.

“ A communibus autem regulis, si quid diversi apud antiquos invenitur
 “ poetas, non in omni loco imitandum, sed observationibus eruditorum re-
 “ linquendum est. Fabric. de re Poët. l. 1. p. 36.

DIPHTHONGO,

Sunto ¹⁵diphthongi, & contracta ¹⁶vocabula longa :
 Prae¹⁷ prae vocali breviam ; variato Macotis¹⁸.

3. si utraque, vel altera, consonans in eadem voce fuerit; ut, Sit mihi mōns: alioqui rarissimè. Semel tantum (extra Caesuram) notant, qui aliud sentiunt, Giessemi; idque in Virg. Aen. 9. 37. Melius autem notarunt iidem produci quandoque à veteribus vocalem brevem ante qu; ut, aquae Lucr.—turbataque arripe castra. Virg. Dicitur illatā quoniam.—Prud. 2. āxis, gāza. 3. maior, pē-jor, Ajax, Trōja, cūjus. 4. bījugis, quadrijugus. 5. volūcris, tenēbrae: & aliquando in fine vocis; ut, Nil opus est mortē pro me.—Ovid. sed exempla productionis rara sunt, nisi in enclitica quē. P. L. Giesf. p. 11. & horum pleraq; Caesuras tribuenda. 6. Sed si longa praestit semper tibi longa manebit; ut, salūbris, mātris, ātrum, &c. quia salūber, māter, āter producuntur. 7. Praecedant liquidis mutae, si vis variare; ut, volūcris: nam arcus, stercus, portus, &c. non liquefcent. 8. Atq; ambas semper vocali adnotē sequenti; ut, volūcris, rē-frigero: nam ōb-ruo, āb-lego, &c. nequeunt corripī, at hinc forte excipies quamōbrem. 9. m n in graecis tantum; ut, cycnus, Tēcmessa, &c. immō & mutas liquefcere videbis, & liquidas apud Graecos obmutescere; sed caute imitaberis; Smarāgdus enim, & Polymnektor, &c. vix corripiantur,

10. Vēni, vīdi, vīci. 11. stēti, dēdi, scldi, tlli, bībi, fīdi: & juvi Catull. Non, ita me divi, vera gemunt, jūverint: sed hoc fit ἀρχαϊκῶς (inquit Scalig.) quia praeteritum juvi nihil mutat à praesente juvo; ut in Terent. legimus impel-erim pro impulerim. 12. cēcīni, pēpēri, tētīgi. 13. cucūrri, tētēndi. 14. cēcīdi & pēpēdi,

15. vīsum, mōtum, lātum, crētum. 16. rātum, cītum secundae, sātum, ūtum, sītum, lītum, dātum, quītum, dīrtum ab antiquo rūtum.

17. solūtum, indūtum, volūtum. 18. bibūtum, creditum, monūtum.

19. cupīvi cupītum, petīvi petītum, audīvi audītum.

20. sed à tribū: & sic lenīmen duces à lenītum, potius quàm à lenīo; sēdes, à sēdi, non à sēdeo; dīcatus à dīcis, non à dīco; tribū-as & tribulum à trītum, at tribulus à τριβόλος, suffōco & fōcale à fōcus, at suffōco & fōcale à faūcis; & eadem ratio observanda est in multis aliis, nē nimis augeatur devian-tium numerus. Nec propterea alienum foret hic notare, ob varium derivandi modum idem vocabulum fortē variari posse; nam, si lyrica componerem, haud vereror secundam in adminiculum, (à mānus videlicet trahens) cum opus esset, corripere; neq; heroicum ingredi recusabit, si ad mūnio vel mōcniā referatur: eodem modo liquidus & nomen liquor; ut videre est p. 6. n. 91. cōrālīum vel cōrālīum; quia gr. κεράλειον à κερὰ vel κεράλλιον à κέρη,

POSI.

PROSODIA ALVARIANA.

5

POSITIONE.

Vocalis longa est si consona bina sequatur¹,

Aut² duplex, aut i³ vocalibus interjectum:

Sed composita⁴ jugum semper tibi corripiantur;

Si qua⁵ brevis mutam⁷ & liquidam⁸ simul anteit, anceps⁵

**Carmine sit, prosa brevis. L r liquidae: & m n⁹.*

* videndum autem, an in iis etiam, ubi vocalis brevis praecesserit, occurrat idonei scriptoris auctoritas, cui syllaba sit longa: nec enim in *genitrix* temerè produxerim penultimam. Voss. nec primam in *refleto*, *refuso*, *refringo*, *refragito*; quod id ab summis viris non videamus factitatum. Cavall.

CAPUT SECUNDUM

De PRAETERITIS,

P*Raeterita assumunt primam¹⁰ dissyllaba longam:*

Sto, do, scindo, fero rapiunt, bibo, findo priores¹¹.

Primam quod¹² geminat (vetet id nisi consona¹³ bina)

Curtat utramque; tamen nec caedo¹⁴, aut pedo secundam.

SUPINIS,

Cuncta supina volunt primam dissyllaba¹⁵ longam:

At¹⁶ reor, & cico, fero, & ire, sinoque, linoque,

Do, queo, & orta ruo breviabunt rite priores.

Utum¹⁷ producunt polysyllaba cuncta supina.

Corripietur¹⁸ -itum; nisi cum formatur ab -ivi¹⁹.

DERIVATIS & COMPOSITIS.

Formandi ratio cautè observetur ubique:

Quandoquidem à luxūs, non luxū, luxūries fit;

At neque de tribūs, ²⁰aut tribūbus, ducenda tribūlis.

I. am-

6 PROSODIA ALVARIANA.

1. ambitum ambitus, motum mobilis. 2. cado incido, caedo incido.
3. ab Aenēas. 4. aëo. 5. notum. 6. ara. 7. fari. 8. aeger pedibus.
9. vel aegro partu: & cum prima producitur, fit ob sequentes consonas. 9. λιμ.
10. εἶς & τυρὸς coagulum. 11. & būbulcus a būbus. 12. κρηίδ.
13. & hinc prima etiam in crepido. 13. Cythēra. 14. χεῖρ. 15. cūrus.
16. cupitum. 17. κρηίδιον, quantitatis loco mutato; ut in litēra a litūra.
18. conscribillo versum heroicum non ingreditur, Scal. 19. ditis. 20. ut maledicus, facidicus, &c. 21. diū, & sic diūtius P. Guss. p. 82. quod tamen negat Alvarus p. 138. 22. φύλλον. 23. & fragilis a frango. 24. farris.
25. a fūrum: ni hoc supinis brevibus sit accensendum. 26. a fido; aut vice versa. 27. gigno: ni potius a gēno. 28. halātu. 29. aut saltem varia, ab ὑπάλω longa. 30. iūs habeo. 31. ut dejēro ejēro & pejēro a jūro.
32. lugere. 33. libra. 34. lūceo. 35. māmma. 36. mōles. 37. hīlum.
38. nātum. 39. vel nōto. 40. ὤμον crudum, vel qu. ore mandendum.
41. ōffa. 42. ōdi: ni malis ab antiquo odio. 43. προσέτις. 44. παύρορ.
45. Perūsia. 46. pāgina. 47. vel pāco -is, pro pāgo a pango; vel a pax pācis. 48. & innūba a nūbo. 49. pōno. 50. pōssum. 51. pūsus. 52. pūgnus.
53. cūdo. 54. quātuor. 55. quālus. 56. Quintilis. 57. rūris, vel qu. raudis a pādō virga impolita. 58. scūtum. 59. sāgio. 60. servitum.
61. spirātu. 62. at staturus; a statum, quod ideo variari putat Alv. Professores tamen Giesleri corripit volunt. p. 19. & 36. Hinc statim illico, at statim positura corporis vel cessatio motus; hinc etiam stabilis, stabulum, statio, & statuo. 63. sōpio. 64. sōlvo. 65. Sextilis. 66. Σαρακῆσι.
67. signum. 68. tūtor. 69. tēmetum. 70. tignum. 71. vado. 72. varix.
73. vīto. 74. vōlvo.
75. ārabs. 76. primam variat, secundam producit, licet utraque brevis sit in āpūlus. 77. Horat. ni legendum sit cerritus. 78. Chios. 79. cōma.
80. con & itum. 81. divdo. 82. fēra v. fēro: sic fēriae, sed hoc duci possit ab antiquo fēriae. 83. hūmus. 84. hēms. 85. hōmo. 86. bāculus.
87. variari affirmat Alv. p. 122. & quidem in metro, ubi tres breves admittantur unā, corripit non posse haud dixerim; sed multo mallem producere. 88. jocus. 89. jilgum. 90. litūra, rejecta a quantitate secundae in primam. 91. verbum tertiae conj. (nam liquor primae corripitur) a liqueo, quod a λιχῶ; ni major hoc anomalum esse a lix liciis: incertae porro debeat forte origini, quod liquidus & liquor -oris varient primam. 92. lubricus. 93. lāteo. 94. lemures. 95. mācer. 96. mōla. 97. niteo. 98. pēnus.
99. Prāmus. a. a Πάχυν, quae penultimam variat. Dionys. Perieg. l. 86 & 469. Variabitur etiam prima, si Ovidium producentem sequi liceat; sed huic adversantur cum Graeci, tum Latini. b. rēgo. c. pēdū. d. five (per Metathesin) ab ἔρπω, five a pēπω deductum; adjectivum tamen rēpens non deviat. e. rūber. f. rūo. g. scōbis, vel σκοπέω. h. sātum. i. sodi.
- k. stīpis. l. sēcus. m. Siculus. n. μέθυ, vel a tēnendo mentem. o. rēgo. p. trāho. q. vōmo.
- r. Virg. *Connubio jungam stabili*—ni sit trissyllabon in hoc, & similibus.
- s. i Hor. semel: alius autem s. t. a stabrum. u. a Manil. v. 541. & alii. x. φανήκεος. y. pū Juv. pū -alii. z. Phoenicis. α. rū Prud. & Mart. vā alii. G. i Plaut. & Mart. i alii. γ. i. Mart. i. Manil.

Derivata

PROSODIA ALVARIANA.

7

Derivata¹ patrem, simplex² Composita sequuntur :

Corripis ³Aenēades, & ⁴ārena, & ⁴ārista, & ⁴ārundo, (rum,
Agnitum⁵, āruspex⁶, affātim⁷, ⁸Agrippa, ⁹alimufq; ¹⁰būty-
Et ¹¹būbulus, ¹²crēpidam, ¹³Cythēraea, ¹⁴chīragra, ¹⁵cūrulis,
Cognitus⁵, & cupidus¹⁶, cichōrēum¹⁷, conquēscribillo¹⁸,
Cum ¹⁹dītione, dīcax ²⁰-dīcus à dīco, ²¹diūturnus,
A fingo effigies figulusque figura figuro,
Et ⁷fātuus, ²²fōlium, ²³frāg-or, atq; ²⁴fārina, ²⁵fūturus,
Funge ²⁶fīdem, ²⁷gēnuī, ²⁸halitum, ²⁹hūmen, ³⁰jūbeo, ³¹jēro,

(& hīscē

Lugūbris³², atq; ³³libella, ³⁴lūcerna, ³⁵māmilla, ³⁶mōlestus,
Ac ³⁷nihilum, ³⁸nāto, cum ³⁹nōt-a⁵, ⁴⁰ōmasum, & ⁴¹ōfella,
(⁴²ōdiumque,

Presbyter⁴³, atq; ⁴⁴pārum, ⁴⁵Perūfina, ⁴⁶pāgella, ⁴⁷pācīcor,
Pro-nūba⁴⁸, cum ⁴⁹pōfui, ⁵⁰pōtūique, ⁵¹pūfille, pūgil⁵²-lus,
Et ⁵³quārio, ⁵⁴quāter, adde ⁵⁵quāfillus, Quintili-a⁵⁶-anus,
Hīscē ⁵⁷rūdem, ⁵⁸scūtulamque, ⁵⁹sāgax, & servi-tium⁶⁰-tus,
Spiritus⁶¹, atque ⁶²stātus, cum ⁶³semisōpita, ⁶⁴sōlutus,
Sextiliane⁶⁵, Syracūsius⁶⁶, sōpor⁶³, adde ⁶⁷sīgillum,
Cum ⁶⁸tītulus, ⁶⁹tēmulenta, ⁷⁰tīgilla, ⁷¹vādum, ⁷²vāricosus,
Et ⁷³vītium, atq; ⁷⁴vōluta ; patrēsque haec longa relinquunt

⁷⁵Arabia, atq; ⁷⁶Apūlia, ⁷⁷cēritus quoque, ⁷⁸Chūs,
Et ⁷⁹cōmo, ⁸⁰comītia, ⁸¹divīfi, et ⁸²fēralis,
Hūmor⁸³, & ⁸⁴hūbernus, ⁸⁵hūmanus, & ⁸⁶imbēcillus,
Italiamque⁸⁷ brevem haud vidi, licet Italus anceps,
Jūcundus⁸⁸, jūgis⁸⁹ cum jūgere, ⁹⁰lītēra, ⁹¹līquor,
Lumbrīcus⁹², lātērna⁹³, lemūria⁹⁴, mācero⁹⁵, mōles⁹⁶,
Nīrela⁹⁷, & ⁹⁸pēnuria, ⁹⁹Priamidesque, ¹⁰⁰Pachynus,
Rēgula^b, rhēda^c, & ¹⁰¹rēpo, ¹⁰²rūfus, ¹⁰³rūtaque, ¹⁰⁴scōpae,
Sātūrnush, ¹⁰⁵istōa, & ¹⁰⁶stīpendia, ¹⁰⁷sēcūs, atque
Sīcelides^m, ¹⁰⁸tēmētum, ¹⁰⁹tēgula, ¹¹⁰ptrāgula, ¹¹¹vomer ;

Connūbium varia, & ¹¹²fortuīta, ¹¹³flābella, ¹¹⁴līquor-is
Līquida⁹¹, naufrāgium^u, phrēnetica^x, ypūgillares,
Phoeniceus^z, rūbigōa rūber, Stymphālides addit
Stymphālus, cum ¹¹⁵suspīcione, triclīnia^z κλίνη.

I. āmens,

8 PROSODIA ALVARIANA

1. āmens, dēdo, ēligo, sēparo, dīduco. 2. [trādo, vēsānia, cōmitium].
 3. Prōpōntis. 4. prōveho, prōduco. 5. prōfundus, prōneptis, prōnepos,
 prōfari, prōfiteor, prōfessus, prōfugio & prōfugus. *N. B. Quamvis prō-*
cio & prōcieo vix legantur; prōcax tamen, & prōcor, quas ab hoc fonte
fluunt, semper corripuntur. 6. hinc prōcella & prōcul. 7. prōfiscor tē-
 men, & prōpero, hinc excludit *Alvar.* quia videntur simplicia. 8. pro tamen
 hic graecum est: nec in prōpino tantum, sed & aliis graecis, latinae praepositionis
 quantitatem secuti sunt poëtae latini, ut in prōpola *Lucil.* prōlogus *Terent.* *Voss.*
Prof. p. 123. 9. ābeo, ādoro, ōmitto, sūbeo, circūmago, praetēreo, rēmitto,
 pēreo, īneo, &c. 10. āddo, pēdo, sūbdo. 11. sed productio horum fit ex
 accidenti, & per Epenthesein; quia litera adjicitur a recentioribus, quam veteres
 non geminabant. *P. Gieff. p. 30.* 12. at rēfert ā res productio semper.

13. quāre, quātenus, Neāpolis. 14. & quaecunque variantur casibus ducuntur
 simplici; ut, utrāque, quantālibet; sed in abl. utrāque, quantālibet, &c.
 15. pentāmeter, diādema, parālysis, ātomus, &c. 16. ni sit flexibilis; ut,
 tremēfacio, nēfas, trēcenti; omnīpotens, fatidicus, blceps, agricola, armī-
 ger, causidicus, crucifer, totīdem, arylpendium, &c. Reliqua sequuntur simplex;
 ut, agrī-cultor, crucī-figo, quīvis, quantivis, unicuique, rēpublicā, jurē-
 jurando, &c. Corripies tamen idem neutrum; & tantidem forsā varies, sed
 rariū productur. 17. liquēfacio, tepēfio, &c. Corruptio tamen frequentior est.
Verop. V. P. Gieff. p. 88. 18. hinc nēcunde & nēcubi. 19. et ubicunque
 se pro semi ponitur; nisi in sēlibra quod corripitur a *Martiale*. 20. One of Trēviri,
 i. e. Treves, or Triers, in Germany. 21. ubivis autem, & ubicunque, saepius
 corripuntur. 22. sic trigae, quadrigae: sed bimus, trimus, &c. vix huc
 attinent. 23. *Auson. ecl. 257.* coactus nempe ob sequentes curtas. 24. hinc sūcubi.
 25. & triginta, vīcies, trīceni, &c. 26. merīdies, bīduum, &c.

* Variatur quādocunq; inquit
Alv. p. 125. sed quis corripuit?
 nam si ad simplex quando respex-
 vis, variabitur etiam quādoque;
 quod ipse non asserit.

Drepan. sed alii utrumque producant.

27. aliōqui, intrōduco, quādo-que-cun-
 que, retrōvertor, &c. 28. duōdeviginti,
 duōdetriginta, &c. 29. Carpōphorus,
 Astrōnomus, Argōnauta, &c. 30. & enim
 semper producit; ut, Minōtaurus, La-
 gōpus, &c. *Ausonius* tamen semel dixit
 geōmetricus. 31. ō Sidon, & 32. ō
 33. quadrūpes, polūdorus. 34. ut ma-
 nūductio, manūfactus, manūpretium, manūmissus,

CAPUT

PROSODIA ALVARIANA. 9
CAPUT TERTIUM

De PRAEPOSITIONIBUS in COMPOSITIONE,

L Onga à¹, de, è, se, di (*praeter dīrimo atque dīsertus*)
Addas ²trā, vē, cō: cōmedo, cōmes excipe curta.
Corripe pro³ graecum; sed produc ritē ⁴latinum;
Ut, vitis prōpago; genus breuiato prōpago,
Et prōpe, cum natis fundus⁵, neptisque, neposque,
Fari, cum fateor, festus, fugioque, prōfanus
Adde, ⁶prōcello, prōfecto, prōtervus, cum ⁷prōficiscor,
Prōpino⁸ varia, verbum prōpago, prōfundo,
Prōpello, -pulso, prōcuro, Prōserpina, -cumbo.
Si positura¹⁰ finit, ⁹reliquas rape: rēperis¹¹ anceps,
Rēligio, -ficio, -cido, -duco, ¹²-fero, -migro, -pello.

VOCALIBUS in COMPOSITIONE.

Produc ¹³a semper compōsti parte priore:
Excipias eādem¹⁴, (ni sexti;) & plurima ¹⁵graeca.

A.

E¹⁶, simul i, brevis: at varies fors nata ¹⁷secundae;
Nē-dum, -quam, -quaquam, ¹⁸-quis, -quicquam, -quando, -mo
Sēmodiusque¹⁹, venēfica, crēdo, vidēlicet, atque (produc,
Trēvir²⁰, sēdecim; ubilibet, utrobique, & ubique²¹,
Atque domīcilium, bīgae²², regīfugiumque²³,
Sīve, meliphyllon, nimirum, scīlicet, addas
Illicet, & tibicen, cum Trīnacia, ibīdem,
Sīquis²⁴, vīginti²⁵, compōsta ²⁶dieque sed anceps
A quotus† & quatuor, cum parri- matriquecida.

E. I.

† Quatriduus, & quōidi-ē -anus, tutius producantur: Catullus enim, qui
secundam in quotidiana corripuit, quantitatem ejus (metri necessitate coactus)
in primam syllabam retraxit, Conjugis in culpa flagrauit quōdiana: idem fecit
Virgilius in Sicānia à Sicānus. Vide suprà p. 6. n. 17 & 90. & infrà p. 20. n. 6.

O²⁷ latium produc: hōdiē, duōde-²⁸, duōdeni,
Quandōquidem, quōniam, quōque, bardōcucullus ademptis;
Estque o μῆρδν ²⁹graecis brevis; vix dices ³⁰geōmetra,
Et contrōversus ³¹raro brevis, aut sacrosanctus³².

O.

U, ³³vel y, sit brevis: at non jūdico, juncta ³⁴manūque.

U.Y.

B

I. Incremen-

10 PROSODIA ALVARIANA.

1. Incrementum Nominis est penultima casus numero syllabarum excedentis nominativum; singularem, efficiens incrementum singulare; pluralem, incrementum plurale: sic penultima in virorum & leonibus est incrementum plurale, antepenultima singulare. 2. aulāi, pictāi pro aulae, pictae. 3. misēri, vīri, satliri. 4. Ibēri, Celtibēri.
5. pietātis, vestigālis.
6. poem-a -ātis, Pall-as Arc-as -ādis, Mel-as -ānis, &c.
7. hep-ar -ātis. 8. trabs trābis, Arabs -ābis. 9. sēlis, Hannibālis, Hamilcārta.
10. cum compositis compāris, impāris, dispāris. † et opopanax -ācia.

11. nyctiorācis, Arctophylācis.

12. grēgis, terētis, mulieris cujus tertia si unquam producit, fit metri causa, per Diastolen, ob concursum brevium. 13. tap-es, leb-es -ētis, crat-er -ēris.
14. Micha-el, Daniel -ēlis.
15. vervex, myrm-ex -ēcū. * & foenifex -ēcis, utrumque à sēco.
16. cum compositis exlēgis, illēgis. 17. rēnis, Syrēnis, Aniēnis.

A caput ¹-eps, & iter² bis crescunt, atque ³supellex.

[1. ancipitis, bicipitis. 2. itinēris ab antiquo itiner. 3. supellestilis à supellestile.]

18. stips stīpis, pollex ilex -īcis, illīcis, chalībīs, chlamydis. 19. grīphis, vibicis, delphīnis, Salamīnis, Phorcynis, &c. 20. litis, quirītis, Samnītis, dītis, Crenidis, crepidis, apsīdis, Nesīdis, gliris. 21. Plophidis raro corripitur.
22. felix -īcis, bombyx -īcis. 23. & sardonychis.

24. sed mastix -igis flagellum videtur anceps ex Hom. Il. ♀. 500. Od. ζ. 81.

25. Ambiorigis, Biturigis, Jazygis, cum paucis aliis propriis & gentilibus.

26. solis, velōcis, victōris, dōtis, flōris. 27. scrōbis, Aethiōpis, Cecrōpis.
28. marmōris, decus adus -ōris, sed ador adōris unde adōrea apud Hor. & Virg. 29. majus -ōris, fortius -ōris.
30. ut Cappadōcis, Allobrōgis, Vascōnis, Macedōnis, &c. praeter Burgundionis & Vescōnis quae ad eo forsan referes; hoc enim semper longum erit; ut Spadōnis, Simōnis, &c. 31. ut tripus -ōdis, &c. à πῆς; item Philemōnis, Agamemnōnis, &c.* 32. Nestōris, Hecōris. 33. His addit Labbé (in Append.) Actaeon, Alcmaeon, Almon, Manethon, Marcion, Sithon, Stridon -ōnis: sed in Manethōnis videtur tantum transponi quantitas pro Manēthōnis, ut in aliis vocibus haud semel notavimus; à quibus verò corripitur Almōnis, aut producantur caetera, nondum liquet.

CAPUT

PROSODIA ALVARIANA. II

CAPUT QUARTUM

De INCREMENTO NOMINUM.

CASIBUS obliquis vix crescit Prima; sed ²ai
Produc. Praeter ⁴Iber, brevietur ubique ³Secunda.

Nominis a⁵ crescens, quod flectit Tertia, longum est: A.
A⁶ sed & as graecis, anas, & mas, cum vāde curta;
Arq;⁷-āris; impurum ⁸s; al⁹ & ar quoque mascula (demptis
Nar, casnar) sic ¹⁰par, jubāris, cum nectāre, bacchar,
Et dropax, anthrax, Atrax, cum smilāce, climax,
His Atācem, tpanācem, colācem, styrācemque, fācemque;
Atque abācem, corācem¹¹ phylācem compositaque, nectes
Harpāgis, & Pharnax; Syphācis dic atque Syphācis.

E¹² breve: duc es,¹³ er graecum, (aethēre & aēre demptis) E.
El¹⁴ peregrinum, & Iber, Valamer, Ser, ver, Ricimēris,
Byzer, -ēcis¹⁵ ab ex, (nisi prex, *resēcisque, nēcisque)
Lex¹⁶, rex, seps, halec, patrium ¹⁷-ēnis, (Hymen breviato)
Plebs, haeres, locuples, mansues, mercēde, quīēris.

I¹⁸, simul y, breve: duc gryps, vibex, -īnis¹⁹ & -ynis, I. Y.
Līte, ²⁰quiris, Samnis, dis, Crēnis, crepis, et apsis,
Nefis, glis; vīres: mage²¹ Psophis: Davidis anceps.

Ix²² yx longa; at Eryx, ortyx, cum fornīce, varix
Das brevibus, calīcemque, calyx, strīx, hīstrīce, Naryx,
Coxendix, & elix, orygem, Styx, natrīce, choenix,
Phryxque, larix, ²³onychem, salīces, nīve, pixque, filixque,
Massīchis²⁴, & Cilīcis, Japyx & ²⁵caetera: Bebryx,
Appendixque, anceps; sandycis vix brevietur.

O²⁶ crescens longum est: breve bos, finitaq; in -obs²⁷-ops, O.
(Cercōpis, scōpis, cyclōpis, hydrōpis ademptis)
Neutrum²⁸-ōris (os ōris longo, gradibusque ²⁹secundis,)
Praecox, atque lepus, memor, arbor, compos & impos,
Gentile³⁰; atque³¹ o μινερν*, ceu ³²propria: Oriōnis anceps,
Britōnis, Aegaeon, Sidon, Samsōnis, et Edon.³³

* Nominum in os, quae clementum corripunt, plurima videas in Append.
ad Cathol. Ind. Labbē. p. 133, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8. & 176 in fine.

12 PROSODIA ALVARIANA.

1. murmuris, fursuris, turturis, nticis, conjugis. 2. palus -ūdis, virtus -ūtis, tellus -ūris. † et hallux hallucis, si deduces inde hallucinor.

3. pauperibus, specubus. 4. quārum, faci bus, equōrum.

5. nec adversatur reginae; sed ideo inferui, quia Gressum corripit voluit per Syncopen [p. 49] & quidem si unquam breve sit. (ut apud Auson. semel, vix alibi,) necesse est hic recurrere; propriè enim longum est Contractione, ut būs etiam: nevirum verò hic locari debui, quia nullum est [plurale] cremenium; sed Alvarum sequor, qui bobus accenset longis p. 25. et hujus sententia auctoritate Ovidius & Horatius nititur.

6. Incrementum Verbi est penultima vocis numero syllabarum excedentis secundam sing. praes. ind. * activi; ut, amāmus: si vox longior sit hac duabus syllabis, duo erunt incrementa; ut, amābitis: si tribus, tria; ut, amāverimus: si denique quatuor, totidem erunt crementa; ut, audiebāmini. Et vocantur haec, pro tuo cuiusque ordine, primum, secundum, tertium, &c. sic mā in amaverimus est crementum primum, ve secundum, vi tertium.

7. stāmus, reddāmus, amābam, ducāmini. 8. dāmus, dātis, circumdāre.

9. stēbam, rēbar, docēbam, legēmus. 10. navēram, plevērim, legēro.

11. dicēre, legērem, legērer, legēris vel legēre. 12. amabēris, docebēre.

13. legerēris, audirēre. 14. corripit enim dederunt Hor. miscuerunt, steterunt, tulerunt Virg. defuerunt Mart. profuerunt Tib. & alia alii; sed etiam haec, & certè omnia alia, saepius producantur, ut ère semper. 15. legimus, amabimus, audiebamini, vidimus. 16. scilicet faxitis, nolite -itote -imus -itis, velitis, malimus -itis, sitis, adsumus -itis, &c. 17. ire, itro, auditis, sentimini. 18. petivi, sapivi, audivi: sic omnia praeterita in vi; ut, amavi, quievi, movi, adolevi, juvi. P. Gress. p. 84. 19. amaverimus, legeritis, &c. variant poetae: sed in prosa Angis praeteritum reprimunt, acuumque futurum. 20. amatote, facitote. 21. stimus, volumus. 22. amaturus, docturus, lecturus esse.

1. amā, ergā, memorā, antea. 2. trigintā, quadragintā, &c.

3. adverbium scilicet, non verbum. 4. musā, bonā, regnā. 5. musā, bonā, deā. 6. o Aeneā, o Atlā: stem Anchisā pro Anchisē, & similia; ne proveniant à nominibus in -tes, nam Orestā, Thyestā, &c. corripuntur.

7. natē, fugē, nempē, temerē. 8. Lethē, Penelopē, Anchisē, cetē, Tempē.

9. rē, diē, &c. cum 10. adverbis inde enatis quarē, pridē, &c. 11. mē,

tē, nē. 12. quē, nē, vē; prē, cē, tē; ut in mequē, tunē, nevē; meaptē,

hoccē, tetē. 13. docē, monē, jubē, delē, &c. sc. secundam sing. imperativi activi secundae conjugationis.

14. placidē, certē, minimē, doctissimē.

15. haec quinque tamen à quibusdam corripuntur: sed longè tutius producas.

U

PROSODIA ALVARIANA. 13

U¹ rape: duc fur, frux, us²-ūdis & -ūtis & -ūris,
Lux, Pollux†; brevia pecus, intercusque, Ligusque.

U.

Corripies i³, u crescens pluralitèr: a, e⁴,
O produc. Būbus longum est, & ⁵bōbus opinor.

ī, ū:
ā, ē, ō.

CAPUT QUINTUM De INCREMENTO VERBORUM.

* Si verbum sit deponens, aut commune, fingenda est vox activa, ad quam incrementum ejus dirigatur.

A⁷ Crescens produc: ⁸do incremento excipe primo.

A.

E⁹ quoque: ni sequitur ram,¹⁰rim, ro; & tempora ternae
Prima duo ¹¹e breviant ante r; -bēris¹² & -bēre jungas;
Produc -rēris¹³-rēre; videtur¹⁴-ērunt variari.

E.

I¹⁵ breve: faximus produc, nolito, velimus,
Simus cum natis¹⁶; quartae¹⁷ crementaque prima;
Ivi¹⁸ praeteritum; -rimus¹⁹ & -ritis variantur.

I.

O²⁰ longa est: U²¹ brevis; sed protrahis -ūrus²² & -ūrum.

O.U.

CAPUT SEXTUM De ULTIMIS SYLLABIS.

FINE sit a¹ longum: contrā & ²-gintā variato;
Posteā, itā, ejā, quiā, & ³putā corripe; flexaq; ⁴casu:
Protrahis at ⁵sextum; & quintum⁶, si rectus in as sit.

A.

E⁷ brevia: ſī⁸ & ohē produc, fermēque, famēque
Ut sextum⁹ quintae, & ¹⁰sobolem; ¹¹monosyllaba (praeter
Encliticas¹²;) & habē ¹³sociosque (at salvē, valē anceps,
Cum vidē, respondē, cavē; sic facilēque ferēque;)
Atque secundae ¹⁴adverbia (si benē cum malē demas)
Ut clarē, internē, longē, infernēque, supernē.¹⁵

E.

I. annī,

14 PROSODIA ALVARIANA.

1. annī, clāssī, fierī, utī, sī, nī, herī. 2. Daphnī, Phyllī, &c. *vocativos*. Orphē, Pallādī, Phyllidī, &c. *dativos* : *ni sint contracti* ; ut, Demosthenī, Metamorphosī, Achillī : *vel descendant à graecis primae* ; ut, Orestī, Eurīpidī : *terminatio enim in huiusmodi proprie latina est, non graeca*. 3. *cum compositis necubī, ficubī, quae saepius corripuntur*.

4. amō, virgō, porrō. 5. Androgēō, Athō, Cliō. 6. dō, flō, ō *quod ante vocalem interdum breviatur*. Despaut. & Voss. 7. *pro causā*, 8. *adverbia sc.* ut, meritō, multō, certō. *Gerundia item ab optimis poetis semper producuntur, quia sequuntur formam obliquorum*. 9. magistrō, dominō, regnō, bonō, quō, eō. 10. & quomodō, dummodō, postmodō. 11. *coniunctio scilicet* : *adverbum autem semper longum est*. 12. *Lil. Gram. pag. antepenultima* : & *Fabric. de re Poetica. l. 1.*

13. manū, cornū, diū. 14. molŷ, Aepŷ. 15. ἄβ, ἄδ, capūt.
* At David Bogud, & similia peregrina, melius producuntur. Voss. p. 131.

† Ut *petit* pro *petivit* Ov. trist. l. 1. el. 9. & Virg. Aen. 9. 9. *quod Caesurae tamen tribuas* ; nam *redit* pro *rediit*, vel *redivit*, corripitur ab eodem. Aen. 2. 275. *ni hic adhiberi malis Syncopen, illic Synaeresin*.

16. sic, hic *adverbium, &c.* 17. *potius corripere debere tradit Scal. de Carminibus Comicis, & Voss. p. 127.* 18. *videtur tamen, ubicunque corripitur, debere scribi face*.

19. Asdrubāl, mēl, vigīl, consūl. 20. Daniēl, Saūl, Nabāl.

21. *—militum octo. Enn. quod etiam nunc videre est in compositione* ; ut, *circumago, quamobrem, quemadmodum, &c.*

22. Titān, rēn, Sirēn. 23. *nomēn -ŷnis, flāmēn -ŷnis, & forte hymēn (extra Caesuram) quia facit hymēnis*. 24. *plur. in in* ; ut, *arcasin*. 25. *Peŷŷōn -i, Illiōn -i* : *sed ōn gen. plur. graecorum producitur* ; ut, *Cimmeriōn*. 26. *Maīān, Itŷn, Samōn*. 27. *pro vidēne* ; & *vin, deŷn, noŷtin, pro vīŷne, deinde, noŷtine cum aliis vocibus sic apocopatis* : *non omnibus tamen* ; ut *ex his patet, Tūn* ille Aeneas—*Virg.—nemōn* ut avarus. *Hor* : *ni adhibenda sit in huiusmodi Synaloepha, potius quam Apocope* : & *quidem legitur apud Virg.* tunc ; *quamvis aliter citetur à Fabricio de re Poetica*.

28. *Caesār, matēr, vīr, precōr, dantūr*. 29. *cum compositis compar, impar, dispar, quae tuius producuntur*. 30. *ut aēr, aethēr, crapēr, character -eris*.

PROSODIA ALVARIANA. 15

I¹ *produc* : brevia nisi, cum quasi, sicuti ; junges Graeca² ; mihi variare, tibi³que, sibi³que solemus, Sed magis corripies ibi, ubi³, dissyllabon & cui. L.

O⁴ *datur ambiguis* : ⁵graeca, & ⁶monosyllaba longis, Ergo⁷que, idcirco ; nata⁸, obliqui⁹que secundae, Teste adeo, ac ideo ; melius modo¹⁰ corripietur, Cum cedo, & illico, & immo ; duo, & scio, nescio junges : Verō¹¹ anceps, ¹²crebro, cito, ¹²sedulo, ¹²mutuo, ferro. O.

U¹³ *longa est*. Y¹⁴ *brevis*. B¹⁵, D*, T *corripe* : verum T tibi nonnunquam tradit Contractio † longum. U. Y. B.D.T.

C¹⁶ *longum est* : varium hic pronomen, & ¹⁷hoc (ni sexti) Et ¹⁸fac ; nec, donec malunt brevare poetae. C.

Corripe¹⁹ L : at produc sal, sol, nil ; multaq ; ²⁰hebraea. L.

M vorat Eclipsis, prisci ²¹breviare solebant. M.

N²² *longum est* : brevias en²³-inis ; graecumq ; ²⁴dativum ; Cuncta ²⁵secundae ; & quartum²⁶, si brevis ultima recti ; Forsitan, in, forsā, tamē, ān, vidē²⁷ adjice curtis ; At tūn' ille Maro, nemōn' ut Horatius inquit. N.

(³⁰-er, R²⁸ *breve* : duc fār, Lār, Nār, pār²⁹, crescens quoque graecum Vēr, & Ibēr, hīr, cūr, fūr ; vix cōr ; ||Celtibēr anceps. R.

¶ Celtiber producit a Catull. 39. 17. sed corripitur a Mart. Ducis ad auriferas quod me Salo Celtiber was, nempe quia alioqui carmen heroicum non ingreditur : at produci potius debere ipsa ratio indicat ; cum per u semper a Graecis scribatur, descendit etiam ab Ibēr, (nec solum crescit, sed) & incrementum producit,

16 PROSODIA ALVARIANA.

1. Aeneās, fās, dās, Pallās -antis. 2. Petron. sed à Mantuano (sc. in Hepthemimeri) producit^{ur} Culmina caelicolae; sed anas & mergus & anser. Vide Voss. p. 132. 3. Troās, heroās, delphinās, pro Troes, &c. 4. Arcās Pallās -ādis; & pari ratione bucerās artocreās -ātis, quae vix fas sit producere, quamvis nulla corruptionis auctoritas apud Latinos occurrat; Graeci enim tam illa, quam haec, accepta referas oportet: atque idē his forē accedet Mellās -ānis, (fluvius, vel morbus,) ejusque composita epimelas & melomelas nomina gemmarum, ob mēlas brevis: sed Melas, vel Mellas, -ae huc non attinet. 5. Anchises, locuplēs, sedēs, quotiēs. 6. divēs, pedēs, equēs -itis, praeiēs -īdis, terēs -ētis, &c. 7. pēs autem, & inde composita; ut bipēs, &c. à nonnullis corripuntur, sed tuius producas.* 8. cum compositis adēs, potēs, prodēs, &c. 9. Arcadēs, rhetorēs, gigantēs, Troēs, Thracēs, &c. & tigrēs Ovid. semel. 10. cacoēthēs, hippomanēs.

11. Apl's, inqu's, Capy's: sed Terhys Virg. non tamen extra Caesuram. 12. mu's, nobis, omnis pro omneis v. omnes. 13. nomen ac verbum, cum compositis quamvis, cuiusvis, ubivis, &c. 14. Salamis -inis, glis -iris, Samnis -itis, Sinois -ētis. 15. audis, velis, sis, adis, &c. sed possis à Juv. corruptum legitur, sic nescis ab Ov. et tamen utrumque potius producendum est. 16. legeris, dederis, &c. quae saepius corripuntur; ut praeterita semper. 17. quorum alterum producit Tibullus, Horatius alterum. 18. os oris, Trōs, Minōs, herōs, agrōs. 19. compos tamen produxit Virg. at non extra Caesuram. 20. chaos, melōs, Argōs, epōs. 21. Tyrōs, arcōs, Iliōs -ī. 22. Androgeōs, Athōs -o. 23. Arcadōs, Phyllidōs, Tethyōs.

24. litūs, intūs, sensibū. 25. plūs, thūs, rū. 26. salūs -ūtis, tellūs -ūris, Opūs -ūntis, spālūs -ūdis. 27. hujus manūs; haec manūs, has manūs, o manūs. 28. tripūs, Melampūs, Oedipūs quod breviori tamen affirmat Voss. p. 135. forē cūm, exutā graecā, in latinam deflectit formam: aliqui enim vetat analogia, & auctoritas Senecae. 29. ut Panthūs ex Pantheos, & 30. Mantūs, Sapphūs ex Mantoos, &c. sed Pamphagus, Polypūs, [ἀ πολυφ. πολυπ. &] &c. corripuntur, utpote quae per & graecē scribuntur, nec proinde contrahuntur.

31. Luminaquē laurusque Dei totusque moveri. Virg. Tōt uno introitu capiuntur milleis arcēs. Sil. Hic tibi bis aestas, bisque cucurrit hyems. Ovid. Sed vide Fabricii monitum suprà p. 3. lin. 29.

* Verisimile est aries, paries, abies produci non naturā, sed per Caesuram, quia aliā versum heroicū non ingrediuntur. P. Gléss. p. 107. Voss. 133.

† Palus autem ab Horatio semel (licenter forsan) corripitur,

PROSODIA ALVARIANA. 17

As¹ produc : sed 2anās ; cum quartis³ corripe ternae
Graecorum ; & rectum⁴, per -ādis si patrius exit. As.

Es⁵ dabitur longis : breviter⁶ crescentia curtis,
Praeter 7pēs, ariēs, *pariēs, abiēsque, Cerēsque ;
Corripe & ēs⁸ de sum, penēs ; & crescentia graeca
In recto⁹ & quinto plurali ; jungito neutra¹⁰. Es.

Corripies is¹¹ & ys : plurales¹² excipe casus ; Is, Ys.
Vis¹³que, forīs, † gratīs ; crementum & habentia¹⁴ longum ;
Verbum dans¹⁵ -itis plurali ; at fortē futuri
-Ris¹⁶ subjunctivi varies, & sanguis¹⁷ & ignis.

† Sic ingratis pro ingratius.

Os¹⁸ produc : sed ōs offis & exōs, compōs¹⁹ & impōs Os.
Excipies ; graecorum & 20 neutra ; his cuncta²¹ secundae
(O nisi det²² patrius) junges, 23 patriosque pelafgos.

Us²⁴ breve ponatur : produc²⁵ monosyllaba ; quisque Us.
Crementum est²⁶ longum ; numeri patriumque prioris
Quartae²⁷, cum primo quarto quintoque secundi ;
Et confata²⁸ à πῦς ; iidem contractaque graeca
In²⁹ recto, ac 30 patrio ; & venerandum nomen Jēsūs.

Ansonii, quaedam monosyllaba³¹ curta, secuti
Graecos, extendunt. Erit ultima carminis anceps.

Plurima eorum, quae Alvarus addidit in fine operis, de quantitate prima-
rum & mediarum syllabarum, usu & observatione, potius quam regulis, dis-
cenda videntur ; & tamen non inutilia fore spero, quae partim ex ipso aliis-
que, potissimum verò ex Poetica Giessena decerpta breviter tradit sequens

C

APPENDIX



A P P E N D I X

De Patronymicis, Possessivis & Gentilibus, Diminutivis, Denominativis & Verbalibus.

1. Aeneādes, Priamides, Aeolides, &c. 2. quae sunt praecipue à nominibus in eus, vel cles; ut, Pelides, Neoclides: & his similia sunt Belides, Lagides*, Lycurgides.

Alv. p. 115.

3. Nerine, Ptolemæis, Aenëis, Acrifione.

4. Ovid. & Stat.

5. ut, Spartiata, Sybarita, Epiröta

v. ötes, Arpinatis, Alexandrinus, Romanus humanus, Argivus furtivus, herili. 6. urceölus, gloriöla, tuguriolum, regulus, puellula, corculum. 7. antepenultimam, si desinat in -culus, -a, -um; ut, folliculus, pellicula, curriculum. 8. ut in audaculus, cornicula, bucula, &c. ab audacis, cornicis, &c. quod in omnibus cautè observandum est: si enim in quibusvis discrepent, major ubique Derivationis habenda est auctoritas quam hujus Appendicis; sic audacia longum est ab audacis, quamvis exeat in ia & duabus syllabis patrem audax superet; & petibilis à petitum, etiamsi desinat in ibilis: & contra brevis est buccina à cäno, quamvis exeat in na; & sonitus à fontum designans in tus; lenimen à lenitum, & imus contractione, licet Imen & imus sint breves: & sic de caeteris. In quibusdam tamen conveniunt, quae idcirco ex Appendice possint excludi; quamvis in tyronum gratiam inseruntur, quibus haud dispendio fuerit duas novisse regulas, ne quando una forte excidat memoria: talia sunt lavacrum, consuetudo, volucris, fidicen per aliam regulam, degener, augurium, &c.

9. ne malis ab incremento genitivi κόκκῳ, quod producitur. 10. diëcula, vulpëcula, &c. 11. Ovícula exemplo caret, sed propter analogiam à quibusdam additur. P. G. p. 53.

* Corripit penultimam Lagida seu Lagides Labbé. Cathol. Ind. per B. Leeds, p. 66. Quod

†† Quod in his occurrant quaedam, praecipue propria, nec à nomine nec à verbo deducta, consultò id factum scias, Lector benevole; nam licet Primitiva sint, Denominativa tamen & Verbalia, aliquatenus, referre liquet.

His quoque, de verbo, vel quae de nomine sunt, ††

Syllaba quae praecit il, bris, ce, tas, cris, qua; brevis sit; il, bris, ce,

Ut vlgil (at mūgil) celēbris, logice (at Berenice) tas, cris, qua;

Utilitas, volūcris, fillqua: Halcyōne quoque graecum ne.

Ne dat: item sis, ut emphasis; hinc tamen excipis crāsis; sis.

Etaque, & O magnum: breviantur ācer, celēberque,

Degēner, ac alācer, colūber, volūcerque; cadāver, er.

Atque papāver erunt producta. Aegyptiācusque ācus.

Addit ācus; sed tolle merācus, opācus: icenque icen.

Ut fidicen, longum atibicen: Ycum (praeiensque icum.

Vocalis longa est,) ut lauta viatica monstrant: Ycus.

Sic per icus sit rusticus; at caprificus, amicus,

Ficus, apricus, mendicusque, pudicus, & umbi-

licus, posticus, lumbricus longa; Caŷcus,

Henricusque, & caetera propria: dat viridisque Ydis.

Dis pariter, vel Ydis saltem: quoque splendidus istis Ydus.

Fert idus; at fidus produces, & magis ādus

Atque idus propria, ut Conrādus, cum Godefrīdus:

Et peregrina in ālus, sic Daedāle; Sardanapālus, ālus.

Pharsālus longa, & Stryphālus: illis fragilis dat illis.

Verbale, ut similis quoque; longa exiliat: ŷlisque ŷlis.

Theŷŷlis: & rutilus dat ilus; crocodilus, aēlus, ilus.

Pompilus dentis: ŷla fabūla: seculum ŷlumque: ŷla, ŷlum.

Garrūlus addit ŷlus; Gerūlus, jūle, cucūlus ŷlus.

Produc, atque ŷl & graecum ut Thraŷybūlus: & hisce ŷlans.

Masŷylus jungas & Mnasŷylus: petūlansque ŷlans.

Addit ŷlans: reglmenque imen: infimus undecimulusque imen.

Dant ŷmus; excipies matrīmus, opīma, patrīmus, ŷmus.

Bīmus cum 7 sociis: latēbra ēbra dat (& pharētram dic:) ēbra.

Vult matert-ēra: ŷra Anticŷram; Corcŷra, Cosŷra ēra, ŷra.

Longa: ēbrum cerēbrum: ferētrum ētrum; deme verētrum: ēbrum, ētrum.

Ludicrum icrum: atq; olitor cum janitor his itor addunt. icrum, itor.

1. ut, poēsis, metamorphōsis. 2. Vide supra p. 9. l. 23. 3. & anticus.

4. ab exeo; ni malis esse denominativum ab ex & ile. 5. Vid. pag.

praeced. n. 9. 6. quod tamen (& matrīmus) corrigi debere contendunt qui-

dam. 7. trīmus, quadrimus.

Yco.
Ylo, ūlo.
Yno.

īto.
Ytēr, ēcūs, itūs.

bium, brium,
quium, dius.
ies.
ia:
mentum.

Ybilis.
ībulum, ēbundus.
ībundus.
īcundus, īculus.
īlentus.
ōlentus, ūlentus.
ālius.
īlius.

Ylium.
īlius, īnius.

onius.

ērium.
ūria.
ūrium.

Verbaque, (si visum) ut vellico, quois īco finis:
Sic īlo ventīlo: ūloque dat ambīlo, tīlor specīlorque;
Demis adūlor: īno dat fascīno, pastīno*, produc
In, de-, re-clīno, festīno, propīno, sagīno,
Et vulpīnor, opīnor: clamīto dictīto īto addent.
Fort-ītēr hīs & -ēcūs junges adverbīa, -ītūsque.

Antepenult.

Quaeque biumve, briumve, quiumve, diusque praecivis;
V: iābium, ludībria, delīquium, mēdiusque;
Tolle manūbrium: ies, ut pullīcies: ia, quando
Syllaba bina patri superadditur, ut tibi nequā
Nequītiā profert: montimentum allimentaque mentum;
Omentum, instrūmenta, paludāmentaque demis,
Atque ea quois⁴ pater est longus: capē terr-ībilisque:
Vestībulumque ībulum; nisi tribulum: ēbundus, ībundus,
Tu fremēbunde probas, morībundeque, sed sitībundus
Incertum est: rubicundus īcundus: ridīculusque
Vult īculus; sed deme cūniculus: & gracīlentus
Addit īlentus: ōlentus sanguīōlentus: ūlentus
Pulverūlentus: Maenāliusque ālius superaddit:
Virgiliusque īlius; sed Acīlius excipit inde,
Cum Lucīlius, & Manīlius; ancipites sunt
Rutīlius, Servīlius: auxiliūque īlium fert,
Ervīliumque vel tūm: capis ūniūsusque: īniūsusque
Tarquīnius testis; (cave nō vaccīnia jungas)
Longo Vat- atque Gab-īnius, at Scatīnius anceps:
Onius à graecis deduces; haec variantur
Petrōn-, Apollōnius, Sidōnius, & Jōniusque:
Adde minist-ērium: produc dictērium, & īlā:
Luxūriamque ūria adjunget; penūria demto:
Augūriumque ūrium, sed deme ōlemūria: jungis

* Pastīno inter brevīa recenset Labbé; longis annumerant Giesseii, sed auctoritatem desideo.

1. frequentativa & defrequentativa. 2. extrinsecus, radicatus. 3. sic iustitia superat iustus duabus syllabis, pudicitia pudicus, tristitia tristis, &c. 4. ut timentum a timeo, amentum ab amen, pavimentum a pavire, &c. 5. ut daemōnius, Ausōnius, &c. brevīa, utpote scripta per o; Semprōnius, pentagōnius, &c. longā, quia scribuntur per a. 6. at Jōnia tamen & Jōnicus reperiri: & ideo videtur hic non tam quantitas ipsa, quam locus quantitatis mutari; ut in quōtidiana pro quōtī-, &c. vide suprà p. 9. t. 7. ut nicetērium; 8. Vide p. 7. n. 94.

Hug

APPENDIX

21

<i>Huc</i> <i>erius</i> <i>Valeri</i> ; <i>cantherius</i> , <i>illaque longum</i> , <i>ut</i>	<i>erius</i> .
<i>Deleterius</i> : <i>his</i> <i>yrus</i> <i>dat</i> <i>Porphyrusque</i> ;	<i>yrus</i> .
<i>Demo</i> <i>Papyrus</i> : <i>at sine certâ lege vagatur</i>	
<i>Urius</i> ; <i>ut longum est</i> <i>Arturius</i> , <i>at brevis esto</i>	<i>urius</i> .
<i>Mercurius</i> , <i>dubium</i> <i>Mamurius</i> : & <i>Volſi</i> <i>vis</i>	
<i>Huc</i> <i>ũſus</i> <i>jungi</i> ; <i>graeca</i> , <i>ut</i> <i>Rhamnũſius</i> , <i>anſer</i> :	<i>ũſius</i> .
<i>Finſtimos</i> <i>Ytimus</i> <i>dabit</i> : <i>atque</i> <i>tribunĩtius</i> <i>fert</i>	<i>Ytimus</i> .
<i>Nomine</i> <i>natum</i> <i>ĩdus</i> ; <i>ſed</i> <i>deme</i> <i>novĩtius</i> : (<i>anceps</i>	<i>ĩtius</i> .
<i>Eſto</i> <i>Numĩcius</i>) <i>ex nigritudine</i> <i>cernis</i> <i>Yrudo</i> :	<i>ĩrudo</i> .
<i>Dilũvioque</i> <i>ũvium</i> : <i>ſic</i> <i>Pacũviusque</i> <i>ũvius</i> <i>dat</i> .	<i>ũvium</i> , <i>ũvius</i> .
<i>Cum</i> <i>meditativis</i> , <i>ut</i> <i>partũrit</i> , <i>esũrioque</i> ¹ .	<i>ũrio</i> .
<i>Vocalis</i> <i>longa</i> <i>eſt</i> <i>quacumque</i> <i>praeit</i> <i>ſo</i> , <i>ſa</i> , <i>geſ</i> , <i>teſ</i> ;	<i>-ſo</i> , <i>ſa</i> , <i>geſ</i> , <i>teſ</i> .
<i>Ut</i> <i>ſcrõſa</i> , <i>ambages</i> , <i>alabaſtrites</i> , & <i>equiſo</i> ;	
<i>Deme</i> <i>-bãtes</i> ² <i>ortum</i> <i>à</i> <i>Calo</i> , <i>à</i> <i>κρᾶλ</i> <i>addo</i> <i>-crãtesque</i> ;	
<i>Ammodyſesque</i> : <i>ar</i> <i>teſſe</i> <i>lacunar</i> ; <i>ſed</i> <i>ſpectĩlar</i> <i>dic</i> ³ .	<i>ar</i> .
<i>Quaeque</i> <i>praeit</i> <i>do</i> , <i>ut</i> <i>dulcẽdo</i> , <i>teſtũdo</i> , <i>libĩdo</i> ;	<i>do</i> .
<i>Excẽpris</i> <i>Macẽdo</i> , <i>comẽdo</i> , <i>unẽdo</i> : & <i>ante</i> <i>ga</i> <i>vel</i> <i>go</i> ;	<i>ga</i> , <i>go</i> .
<i>Ut</i> <i>collẽga</i> , <i>aurĩgaque</i> , <i>cum</i> <i>ſartagine</i> , <i>necnon</i>	
<i>Caligo</i> , <i>aerũgo</i> ; <i>dẽmiſ</i> <i>calĩga</i> , <i>atque</i> <i>ĩlgone</i> :	
<i>Drãmaque</i> <i>ma</i> <i>gracum</i> ; <i>at</i> <i>thẽma</i> , <i>ſeĩma</i> , <i>cum</i> <i>cõma</i> <i>cũrta</i> :	<i>ma</i> .
<i>Narque</i> <i>lupãnar</i> <i>habet</i> , <i>pulvĩnar</i> , <i>ĩtemque</i> <i>lacunar</i> :	<i>nar</i> .
<i>Nus</i> <i>quoque</i> , <i>ut</i> <i>urbãnus</i> , <i>ſeptẽnus</i> , <i>ovĩna</i> , <i>patrõnus</i> ;	<i>nus</i> .
<i>Atq</i> , <i>tribũne</i> ; <i>breves</i> <i>ãnus</i> <i>haec</i> , <i>pẽnus</i> , <i>atq</i> ; <i>mãnus</i> <i>cum</i>	
<i>Compoſũis</i> , (<i>graeca</i> , & <i>gracantia</i> , <i>linquĩto</i> <i>gracĩs</i>	
<i>Incertĩs</i> ;) <i>ſic</i> <i>materialẽ</i> , <i>ut</i> <i>fagĩnus</i> ; <i>addo</i>	
<i>Prĩſtĩnus</i> , <i>atque</i> <i>diũtĩna</i> , <i>fraxĩnus</i> , <i>hiſ</i> <i>cophĩnusque</i> ;	
<i>Crackĩnus</i> , <i>et</i> <i>domĩnus</i> , <i>ſerotĩnus</i> , <i>uncĩnus</i> , <i>hornor</i> ;	
<i>Termĩnus</i> , <i>androgĩnus</i> , <i>xerampelĩnusque</i> , <i>aſĩnusque</i> ;	
<i>Pampĩne</i> , <i>ſycaminũsque</i> , <i>perend</i> ; <i>acĩnus</i> , <i>facĩnusque</i> ;	
<i>Vir</i> <i>Tĩcĩnus</i> , [<i>Tĩcĩ-fluvĩus</i> , <i>gentile</i> <i>Tĩcĩnus</i> .]	
<i>Circĩpus</i> , <i>atque</i> <i>ĩnus</i> , <i>gemĩnusque</i> , <i>annotĩnas</i> <i>ab</i> <i>annus</i> ,	

1. Cucũrio, ligũrio, ſcalpũrio, & ſcatũrio inter *Meditativa* non referimus. *Alv.* p. 137. *P. Gieſſ.* p. 86. 2. ut *Schoenobãtes*, *Philocrãtes*. &c.

3. *Torcĩlar* *varietur* ; poſſit enim *produci*, *ut* *conſuetudĩni* *morem* *geras* ; *corripĩ* *verò*, *ut* *rationĩ* : *nãm* & *torcĩlus* *ſunĩs* & *torcĩlam* & *torcĩlarĩum*, *antepẽnultĩmam* *hoc*, *ĩſta* *pẽnultĩmam*, *abſque* *ullã* *controversĩã* *corripĩunt*. *Labbe* *Cath. Ind.* p. 163.

4. in *ãnus* ſcilicet, *quas* *plerumque* *brevĩantur*, *ut* *Stephãnus*, *Dardãnus*, *Libã* *nus*, *galbãnus*, *platãnus*, &c. & *metri* *cauſã* *κρῆσται* & *κλᾰυδᾰι*, *ὀκ* *νᾰι* &c. *quos* *ĩmitati* *ſunt* *veteres* *Latĩni* in *Calburnĩanus*, *Julĩanus*, *A* *driãnus*. *P. G.* p. 72. *ſed* *malĩm* in *hiſ* *Synĩxeſm* *admittere*.

5. ſed *ab* *anno* *na* *annotĩnus*.

na,	Et bonus: atque na dant tibi lana, catēna, farīna, Cum ¹ matrōna, lacūna; sed haec gēna, buccīna curta, Faemīna, cum trutinā, patinā, Catīna, urbīna ² jūnge, Machīna, pagīna, sarcīna, gauṣapīnā ³ , Mutinaque, Ac aṣinā, Proserpīna, Sarsīna, fuscīna, fīscīna, Et ⁴ Statīnā, sībīnā, sic Ruspīna, lamīna, nundīnac ⁵ , Ac apīnae, mī na-naeque, eleemosynamque: venēnum;
num.	Solānum, dōnum num, Lugdūnum, atque salīnum; Correpto lagānum, quoque coccīnum, apyrīn-on-um ⁶ ;
nī.	Fascīna, pastīna, suīna, succīnum: inānis habet nī Lēnis, finis, clūnis, Adōnis; sed cānis esto,
pa,	Et juvēnis brevis, & cinis: atque pa cōpa, Sinōpe, Stūpaque dant; alāpam brevīato, nēpamque, pōpamque, Adde lūpamque, uplūpam, Panōpe, Rhodōpe, Cleōphalque ⁷ ;
quus.	Quus docet antiquus; rape vanilōquus, reliquusque, Atque pedisēquus, & socios, à linguo, loquorve,
rus.	Aut sequor: austērus rus, dīrus, amāra, canōrus, Graecaque ut Epīrus, gīrus; sed ep ⁸ , vel oēs sunt, Atque ārus, in graecis correpta, velint tōrus atque Barbārus; his addes hērus, & crepērus, strepērusque, Atque fērus, numērusque, humērusque, utrūrus, Lamīrusque ⁹ , Cum nīrus, & camīrus, Zephīrus: sus dant Vologēsus, Nāsus, & Amphrīsus; sed carbāsa, Pegāsus inde,
tus.	Et Vogēsus demes: tus barbātusque, facētus, Aurītus, tōtusque, verūta; cātus ⁷ , lītus ⁸ aufert, Cum -strātus à graeco ⁹ spā ¹⁰ , ut Pīfīstrātus; atque Impētus, & mētus, & vētus, & vegētus, Corītusque, Iphītus, atque gnōtus, tōtus à tot, cum quōtus à quot, Arbūtus; & vīctus dubium: pirāta, monēta,
ta.	Vīta, idiōta, cicūta ta; at Andabātam, nepētamque, Comperīs amītamque, cucurbīta, hypocrīta curtas, Navīta & orbīta, semīta, jūnge rōtamque: lupātum, Tum myrtērum, aconīta, verūtum; defrītum adomto Atque frētum, lūtum: habentque vus octāvus, recidīvus; Curtus īvus, clīvus, atque nōvus; variusque Batāvus.
aca, ica.	Aca cloāca dabit: dabit ica urtica, myrica; Brasīca, carīca, fabrīca, mantīca, pertīca demes, Vetonīcam, manīcam, pedīcam, tunīcamque, phalarīca, Atque plīcam, fulīcamque, allīcam, scutīcam, vomīcamque, Serīca; cum propriis, Utīcā teste; ortaque graecis,

1. sed Matrōna fluvius. 2. vel vervīna; sed vervīna Labbé, contra auctori-
tatem Plauti. 3. gauṣa-pe etiam, si fas esset, paulò inferiùs addiderim; sed
jam non opus est. 4. insula: item statīnae aquae Plin. nō legendum sit stativae.
5. scribitur & sibīna, & sabīna. 6. vel nundīnum enceptio à num.
7. adj. sc. pro cautus v. prudens. 8. subst. neut. g. 9. quia gr. vī¹⁰.
ut

Ut physica : & lactica dat ūca : cadūcus et ūcus :

Alis ut aequalis : sesēlis raps, & addo fid-ēlis :

Ulis edulis : & ilis nomine natum, ut anilis,

Et sic subtilis : sed dapollis, atque humilis dic,

Pestilis & parilis : jungo ēla querēla : ut & āle

Dentāle : ille cubile ; sed inalle : strāmen & āmen :

Emen sēmen : & ōmen jungo : ūmenque legūmen :

Hand colūmen : sic āmus Adāmus ; sed calāmus sit,

Mippodāmusque, brevis, & cætera nata dēpō :

Atque Bohēmus & extrēmus dant ēmus : & ira

Deianira : fig-ūra ; at purpura corripis : ōra,

Ut Theodōra : brevis mōra, mandragōra, amphōra : in āre

Altāre : atque āris solāris ; sed bimāris dic,

Atque hilāre : ābrum candelābrum ; brevis tēbrum :

Abra dolābra : ūbrum delūbrum : ācrumque lavācrum :

Atrum, ut verātrum ; barāthrum excipis : & lūcrum ab ūcrum :

Utrum, ut domo rūtrum, ut patet ex nato inde rūtello :

Itis lychnitis, sed non sitis : addo sen-ātor :

Vin-ōsulque : Cre-ūsa : sal-īva : archīva dat īvum :

Addo sigillatim & verbōtim, adverbia in ātim

Atque ōtim : pariterque itim¹ produci : & ūtim².

Antepenultimam produciunt

Haecce rosāceus āceus : āculum, ut orta taberna³

Umbræque demonstrans : vernaculus āculus addit ;

Non bāculus : Cornēlius ēlius : ōlium adhaeret,

Ut capitōlium : ut hinc fōlium, lōlium, sōliumque

Excipiet, & cordōlium à aoler : ūlium & addet,

Ut conchylīum : & ānius huc Afrānius adfert :

Et Cyllēnius ēnius : & subitāneus āneus :

Oneus addit idōneus : & patrimonīa jungit

Mōnium : & ūnium, ut ardua mūnia : & a, i, ovs

Ante rium, ut pomārium, equirīa, tentōriumque ;

Sed promontōrium brevis : aquarius ārius ; aufer,

Hinc Mārius : Podalīrius īrius : ōrius addit

Vir praetōrius : & Viridāsius āsius ; at non

Græca, & Anastāsus : vigēsimus ēsimus : atque

Dat Levīcus iticus : ārice aquādīcus addit :

ūca, ūcus.

ālis, ēlis.

ūlis, ilis.

ēla, āle.

āle, āmen.

ē-, ō-, ūmen.

āmus.

ēmus.

īra, ūra.

ōra.

āre, āris.

ābrum.

ābra, ūbrum, ācrum.

ātrum, ūcrum.

ūtrum.

itis, ātor.

ōsus, ūsa, īva, īvum.

ātim, ōtim.

itim, ūtim.

āceus, āculum.

āculus.

ēlius.

ōlium.

ūlium.

ānius.

ēnius, āneus.

ōneus. (um.

mōnium, ūnī-

ā-, ī-, ōrium.

ārius.

īrius, ōrius.

āsius.

ēsimus.

itīcus, āticus.

1. viritum,

2. minūtim.

3. tabernāculum, umbrāculum.

Sic

ātilis, ātium.	Sic umbrātilis ātilis : ātium & ātius, unde
ātius.	Stātius ; at Cātius brevis, & Lātium à lāteo ; sic
etius.	Graeca, ut pancrātium : Romana per etius haud sunt
	Certa ; sed e graecum facile dignoscitur : addet
ītius.	Verbale emiss-ītius ; at brevis Septītius fit :
ūtius.	Et dat Brūtus ūtius ¹ : (& praepūtia dicitur)
ētudo.	A ² multitia in ētudo verbalis jungis,
īmōnia.	Tejse valētudo : querīmōnia imōnia monstrat :
ōcīnor, ōcīnium.	Sic patrōcīnium dabit ōcīnor ōcīniumque :
ūcia.	Et si quos habeat socios fidūcia, produc.
ūtio.	Utio & in verbis, ut ais balbūtio, junges.
1. reperies tamen Minūtius apud Sil. Nec mora disiecto Minūti vecordia vallo. Alvarus etiam breuiari affirmat. p. 138. 2. vel potius multicia, ut ex notatione liquet.	

The CONSTRUING.

N. B. The first chapter teaches the quantity of syllables in general in any part of a word. The second and third in the beginning, or former part of words. The fourth of the last syllable but one, in the oblique cases of nouns. The fifth of the last but one, two, or three, in verbs. And the sixth at the end of a word.

The CONSTRUING.

CHAP. I.

Of a Vowel before a Vowel,

L Atini the Latins *breviant* make short *vocalens* a vowel, *alia* *subeunte* another vowel following; *produc* make long *ſo* the *i* in all the tenses of *ſu* (*ni capis* or unless it has *ez* after it; *dativumq;* and the dative case *et* and *patrium* the genitive *quintae* of the fifth declension, *fidel-que ſpei-que rei-que* *e* in *fidei* and *ſpei* and *rei* *exceptis* being excepted; *i* in genitives ending in *iſ* *eſt* is *commune* common *vati* to the poet; (*producito* make long *i* in *alius* of another, *brevia* make short *i* in *alterius* of the other) *produc* make long *Pompei* the vowel before *i* in *Pompei*, *et caetera* and ſuch like words; *que* and *e* in *eben* alas *protrahitur* is made long; ſed but *i* in *io* *yo* *yo* *variatur* is made common, *et* and *u* in *obo ſoho*.

Nomina the nouns *Graecorum* of the Grecians *vagantur* rove *ſine lege certa* without a certain rule: *etiam* for *quaedam* ſome [*gaudent*] *longis* are long; *cen* as *i* in *dius* divine, *e* in *chorea* a dance and *platea* a broad ſtreet; *etiam* and *quaedam* ſome *gaudent* delight *brevibus* in ſhort quantities; *veluti* as *i* in *ſymphonia* harmony in ſinging; *haec vero* but theſe *ambiguis* in doubtful ones; *i* in *Orion* a famous hunter, and in *Diana* the goddess of hunting; *p* in *Genyon* a Spaniſh king, ſabled to have had three bodies. *Eus* *ſixum* a ſubſtantive ending in *us* *brevi* is ſhort, *ſi* if *ſiat* it be made *eus* two ſyllables; *mobile* an adjective *longum* is long: *inquis* you ſay *e* in words ending in *eius* is long, *ut* as *Rhoeteius* Trojan, of *Rhoeteum*; and *u* in the termination *oius*, with the *i* ſhort in both; *et* and *u* in *ois* long.

Of a DIPHTHONG,

Diphthongi sunt longae let diphthongs be long, *et* and *vocalis contracta* contracted words: *brevis* make short *prae* *prae* *vocali* before a vowel; *variato* make common *ae* in *Matotis* a lake in Scythia.

Of POSITION.

Vocalis a vowel *est* is *longa* long *si* if *consona bina* two consonants *sequatur* follow, *aut* or *duplex* a double consonant, *aut* or *i interjectum* plac'd between *vocalibus* two vowels: *sed* but *composita jugum semper corripiantur* let the compounds of *jugum* always be made short *tibi* by you; *si qua brevis* if any vowel short by nature, *anteit* comes before *mutam et liquidam* a mute and a liquid, *simul* both in the same syllable, *fit* it may be *anceps* common *carmine* in verse, *brevis* short *prosa* in prose. L and R *liquidae* are liquids in Latin: *et* and M and N in words taken from the Greeks.

C H A P. II.

Of PERFECT TENSES,

P*erfecta dissyllaba* perfect tenses of two syllables *assumunt* take *primam* the first *longam* long: *sto* to stand, *do* to give, *scindo* to cut, *fero* to bear, *bibo* to drink, *findo* to cleave, *rapiunt* make short *priores* the first syllables of their perfect tenses.

Quod a perfect tense which *geminat* doubles *primam* the first syllable *curtat* makes short *utramq;* both the first and second (*nisi* except *consona bina* two consonants *vetet id* forbid it;) *tamen* but *nec caedo aut pedo* neither *caedo* nor *pedo* make short *secundam* their second syllable,

SUPINES,

Cuncta supina dissyllaba all supines of two syllables *volunt* will have *primam* the first syllable *longam* long: *at* but *veor* to suppose, *et* and *cico* to stir up, *sero* to sow, *et* and *eo* to go, *que* and *sino* to suffer, *que* and *lino* to besmear, *do* to give, *queo* to be able, *et* and *orta* *ruo* the compounds of *ruo* *rite* *breviabunt* will rightly make short *priores* the first syllables of their supines.

Cuncta supina polysyllaba all supines of more than two syllables *producunt* make long the *u* in *utum*. *In* *itum* *corripitur* will be made short; *nisi* except *cum* when *formatur* it is formed *ab iui* from a perfect tense ending in *iui*.

DERIVATIVES and COMPOUNDS.

Ratio formandi observetur let the proper way of deriving words be observed *cantè* carefully *ubique* every where: *quandoquidem* since *luxuries* luxury [which has the *u* short] *fit* is derived *a* *luxus* from the nominative case *luxus*, *non* *luxu* not from the ablative *luxu*; *at* but *tribulis* one of the same tribe [which has the *u* long] *ducenda* is to be derived *neque* *de* *tribus*, *aut* *tribubus*, neither from the nominative *tribus*, nor the plural *tribubus*; but from the ablative *tribu*.

Derivata derivatives *sequuntur* follow *patrem* their primitive, *composita* compounds [are of the same quantity as] *simplex* the simple word: *Corripis* but you make short *ne* in *Aeneadae* the followers, or descendants of Aeneas, *et* and *a* in *arena* sand, *et* and *a* in *arista* a beard of corn, *et* and *a* in *arundo* a reed, *ni* in *agnitum* to own, *a* in *aruspex* a soothsayer, *sa* in *affatim* plentifully, *a* in *Agrippa* the name of a king, *que* and *li* in *alimus* a herb which prevents hunger, *bu* in *butyrum* butter, *et* and *bubulus* of an ox, and *bubulcus* a herdsman, *re* and *pi* in *crepida* a slipper, and *re* in *crepido* the edge of a rock, *the* in *Cytheraea* Cytherean [Venus] *chi* in *chiragra* the gout in the hands, *cu* in *curulis* belonging to a chariot, *ni* in *cognitus* known, *et* and *pi* in *cupidus* desirous, *cho* in *cichoreum* succory, *que* and *scri* in *conscribillo* to scrawl, *cum* with *di* in *ditio* right or power, *di* in *dicax* talkative, and in words ending in *dicus* *a* from *dico* to say, *u* in *diuturnus* long [continuing] *fi* in *effigies* an image, *que* and *figulus* a potter, *figura* a figure,

figure, and *figuro* to fashion à from *fungo* to form, *et* and *fa* in *fatuus* foolish, *fa* in *folium* a leaf, *fra* in *fragor* a crashing noise and *fragilis* brittle, *atque* and *fa* in *farina* meal, *fu* in *futurus* about to be, *junge* add *fi* in *fides* faith, *ge* in *genui* I have begotten, *li* in *halitus* breath, *hy* in *hymen* a membrane, *ju* in *jubeo* to bid, *je* in the compounds of *jura* which end in *jezo*, *et* and *gu* in *lugubris* mournful *bisce* to these, *atque* and *li* in *libella* a small balance, *lu* in *lucerna* a candle, *ma* in *mamma* a breast, *mo* in *molestus* troublesome, *ac* and *hi* in *nihilum* nothing, *na* in *nato* to swim, *cum* with *no* in *nota* a mark or *noto* to mark, *o* in *emasum* tripe, *et* and *ofella* a small cake, or piece of flesh, *que* and *odium* hatred, *by* in *presbyter* an elder, or priest, *atque* and *pa* in *parum* little, *ru* in *Perusinus* belonging to Perugia, *pa* in *pagella* a small page, and *pacificor* to covenant, *nu* in *pronubus* a bridegroom, &c. and *innubus* unmarried, *cum* with *po* in *posui* I have put, *que* and *potui* I could, *pu* in *pusillus* diminutive, *pugil* a boxer, *pugillus* a little fist, *et* and *qua* in *quatio* to shake, *quater* four times, *adde* and *quasillus* a basket, *ti* in *Quintilia* the name of a woman, and in *Quintilius* and *Quintilianus* the names of men, *bisce* to these *ru* in *rudis* a rod or wand, *adj.* ignorant, *que* and *scu* in *scutula* a plate, or scuttle, *sa* in *sagax* cunning, *et* and *vi* in *servitium* service, a servant, and *servitus* slavery, *ti* in *spiritus* the spirit, life, or breath, *atque* and *sta* in *status* a state, circumstance, *cum* with *su* in *semisopitus* half lull'd to sleep, *et* and *solutus* loos'd, *ti* in *Sextilianus* Sextilian, *ru* in *Syracusanus* Syracusan, *su* in *sopor* sleep, *adde* add *si* in *sigillum* a little image, or seal, *cum* with *ti* in *titulus* a title, *te* in *temulentus* drunk, *ti* in *tigillum* a little beam or rafter, *va* in *vadium* a ford, and *varicosus* having swell'd veins, *et* and *vi* in *vitium* vice, *atque* and *vo* in *volutus* roll'd; *que* and *haec* these derivatives following *longa* being long *relinquunt patres* deviate from their primitives, *a* in *Anabia* a country in Asia, *atq;* and a common and *pu* long in *Apulia* a part of Italy, *quoq;* also *re* in *ceritus* mad, *Chi* in *Chius* Chian, *et* and *co* in *comio* to deck the hair, *mi* in *comitia* assemblies, *vi* in *divisi* I have divided, *et* and *se* in *sepalis* funeral, *hu* in *humor* moisture, *et* and *hy* in *hybernus* winterly, *hu* in *humanus* human, *et* and *he* in *imbecillus* weak, *que* and *haud vidi* I have not seen i in *Italia* Italy *brevem* short, *licet* though *ti* in *italus* Italian *anceps* be common, *ju* in *jucundus* pleasant, and *jugis* continual *cum* with *jugerum* an acre, *li* in *litera* a letter, *liquor* to dissolve,

solve, *ver* in *lumbricus* a worm, *la* in *laterna* a lantern, *mu* in *lemuria* the feasts of the Lemures, *ma* in *maturo* to waste, or steep, *mo* in *moles* an heap, *ni* in *nitela* brightness, *et* and *pe* in *penuria* penury, *pr* in *Priamides* the son of Priamus, *thy* in *Pachynus* a promontory at the south-eastern angle of Sicily, *re* in *regula* a rule, *rhe* in *rheda* a kind of chariot, *et* and *re* in *repto* to creep, *ru* in *rufus* reddish, *que* and *ruta* rue, *scu* in *scopae* a broom, *sa* in *Saturnus* Saturn, *sto* in *stoa* a gallery or portico, *et* and *sti* in *stipendium* pay, *se* in *secius* less, worse, or more differently, *atque* and *Si* in *Sicelides* Sicilian, *te* or *me* in *temetum* wine, *te* in *tegula* a tile, *tra* in *tragula* a barbed dart, or trammel-net, *vo* in *vomer* a plowshare; *varia* make common *nu* in *connubium* wedlock, *et* and *i* in *fortuitus* casual, *su* in *flabellum* a fan, *li* in *liquor* liquor and *liquidus* liquid, *fra* in *nausfragium* shipwreck, *phre* in *phreneticus* frantic, *pu* in *pugillaris* as big as a fist, *ni* in *phoeniceus* purple-colour'd, *ru* in *rubigo* rust, or mildew, from *ru* in *ruber* short, *pha* long in *Symphalius* a hill in Arcadia *ad-* *dit* adds *pha* common in *Symphalis* Symphalian, *cum* with *spt* in *suspicio* suspicion, *eli* in *triclinium* a dining-room from *κλι* in *κλίσιν* long.

CHAP. III.

Of PREPOSITIONS in the beginning of COMPOUND WORDS,

A, *de*, *e*, *se*, and *di* *longa* are long (*praeter* except *di* in *di-* *rimo* to break off, or put an end to, *atque* and *disertus* eloquent) *addas* you may add *tra*, *ve*, and *co*: *excipe* except *co* in *comedo* to eat up, and *comes* a companion. *Corripe* make short *pzo* *Graecum* the Greek *pzo*; *sed* but *vite* by right *pro-* *duc* make long *Latium* the Latin *pzo*; *ut* as *pzo* in *propago* a shoot or plant *utis* of a vine; *breviatio* make short *pzo* in *propago* genus a lineage, or family, *et* and in *prope* near, *cum* *natis* with the compounds of *fundus* as *profundus* deep, *que* and *neptis* as *proneptis* a great-grand-daughter, *que* and *nepos* as *pro-* *nepos* a great-grand-son, and *fari* as *profari* to speak out, *cum* with *sator* as *profitor* to profess, and *festus* as *profestus* [dies]

[*dies*] a working [day] *que* and *fugio* as *profugio* to run away *profugus* fugitive, *adde* add *p20* in *profanus* profane, *procello* to beat down, *profecio* truly, *protervus* saucy, *cum* with *proficiscor* to go; *varia* make common *p20* in *propino* to drink to, *propago* [verbum] to propagate [a verb] *profundo* to pour out, spill, or lavish, *propello* to drive away, *propulso* to keep off, *procuro* to take care of, for another, *Proserpina* the daughter of Ceres and wife of Pluto, *procumbo* to lie down. *Rape* make short *reliquas* the rest of the prepositions, *si* if *positura* position *finis* does not hinder it: *re* in *reperio* to find *anceps* is common, and in *religio* religion, *reficio* to repair, *recido* to fall back, *reduco* to lead back, *refero* to bring back, *remigro* to go back, *repello* to drive back.

Of the VOWELS at the end of the former part of COMPOUND WORDS.

Produc make long *a fine* at the end *partis prioris* of the former part *compositi* of a compound: *excipias* except *a* in *eadem* the same (*ni* unless *sexti* it be of the ablative case) *et* and *plurima Graeca* many Greek words.

E, *simul* and *i*, *brevis* is short: *at* but *fors* varies perhaps you may make common *nata secundae* compounds whose beginning is taken from a verb of the second conjugation: *produc* make long *ne* in *nedum* much less, *nequam* naught, *nequaquam* in no wise, *nequis* lest any, *nequicquam* in vain, *nequando* lest at any time, and *nemo* no body, *que* and *se* in *femodius* half a bushel, *ne* in *veneficus* poisonous, a wizard, *-a* a witch, *-ium* witchcraft, *cre* in *credo* I believe, *de* in *videlicet* to wit, *atq;* and *tre* in *Trevir* one of Triers, *se* in *sedecim* sixteen; *hi* in *ubilibet* where you please, *utroque* on both parts, *ubique* every where, *atq;* and *mi* in *domicilium* a dwelling, *que* and *gi* in *regifugium* the feast of the expulsion of the kings, *si* in *sive* whether, *li* in *meliphyllon* the herb balm-mint, *ni* in *nimirum* doubtless, *sci* in *scilicet* to wit, *addas* add *i* in *ilicet* it's done, forthwith, *et* and *bi* in *tibicen* a piper, *cum* with *tri* in *Trinacria* Sicily, *bi* in *ibidem* in the same place, *si* in *sequis* if any, *vi* in *viginti* twenty, *que* and *composita* the compounds of *dies* as *ti* in *meridies* noon *sed* but when it is compounded *a* with *quotus* *et* and *quatuor* *anceps* it is common, as *tri* in *quatrividuus* for four days and *ti* in *quotidi-e -anus* daily, *cum* with *ti* in *parricida* a parricide *que* and *tri* in *matricida* a murderer of his mother.

The CONSTRUING.

31

Produc make long *a* *Latium* of Latin origin : *hodie* to day, *duode-* in words compounded with *duode-*, and in *duodeni* twelve, by twelves, *quandoquidem* seeing that, *quoniam* because, *quoq;* also, *bardocucullus* a French cloak with a cowl *ademptis* being excepted ; *que* and *ο μινεγν* *est* is *breve* short *Graecis* in words of Greek origin ; *vix* *dices* you can hardly make short *n* in *geometra* a geometrician, *et* and *tro* in *controversus* controverted *raro brevis* is seldom short, *aut* or *cro* in *sacrosanctus* sacred.

U, *vel* or *p*, *fit brevis* may be short : *at non* but not *ju* in *judico* I judge, *que* and *juncta* words compounded with *manu* as *nu* in *manupretium* wages.

C H A P. IV.

Of the INCREASE of NOUNS.

P*rima* the first declension *vix crescit* scarcely increases *casibus obliquis* in the oblique cases, [singular] ; *sed* but *produc* make long *a* in *ai* when put for *ae*. *Secunda* *breve-* let the increase of a noun of the second declension be made short *ubique* every where, *praeter* except in *Iberi* of a Spaniard.

U crescens the increasing *a nominis* of a noun, *quod* which *tertia* the third declension *flectit* declines, *est* is *longum* long : *sed* but the increase of words ending in *a* *et* and *as Graecis* in Greek nouns, and of *anatis* a duck, *et* and *maris* of a male, *cum* with *vadis* a surety *curta* are short ; *que* and a word ending in *at* which makes *-atis* in the genitive ; and in *s impu-* *rum* with a consonant before it ; *quoq;* also nouns ending in *al* *et* and *at mascula* of the masculine gender (*Naris* a river of Ombria, and *casnaris* an old fellow *demptis* being excepted) *sic* so *paris* equal, *jubaris* a sun-beam, *cum* with *nectaris* nectar, *baccharis* sage of Jerusalem, *et* and *dropacis* a depilatory, *anthracis* a coal, *Atracis* a river of Aetolia, *cum* with *smilacis* a yew-tree, *climacis* a ladder, *climax*, *his* add to these *Atacis* a river of Narbon in France, *panacis* the herb all-heal, *colacis* a parasite, *que* and *styracis* [and *storacis*] the gum storax, *que* and *facis* a torch, *atque* and *abacis* a cup-board, *ceracis* a raven, *phylacis*

phylacis a keeper *compositaque* and the compounds of *corax* and *phylax*, *metes* add *harpagis* a grappling-iron, *et* and *Pharnacis* the son of Mithridates; *dic* make *Syphacis* a king of Numidia [short] *atque* and *Syphacis* [long] i. e. common.

¶ The increase of a noun of the third declension *breve* is short: *duc* but make long *Graecum* a Greek noun ending in *es*, or *et*, (*aetheris* the sky *et* and *aëris* air *demptis* being excepted) *peregrinum* the Hebrew *et*, *et* and *Iberis* an Iberian, *Valameris* one of Valamirus, *Seris* a Serian, of the north-eastern part of Asia, *veris* the spring, *Ricimeris* a man's name, *Byzeris* a Byzerian, one of Asia to the east of the Euxine sea, *et* in a genitive in *etis* *ab* from a nominative in *et* (*nisi* except *precis* prayer, *que* and *rescis* a vine-shoot, *que* and *necis* death) *legis* a law, *regis* a king, *sepis* a kind of serpent, or worm, a hedge, *halec* a herring, *-enis* *patrium* of the genitive case (*Hymenis* the god of marriage, and *bymenis* a membrane *breuiato* being short) *plebis* the populace, *haeredis* an heir, *locupletis* wealthy, *mansuetis* mild, *mercedis* a reward, wages, profits, *quietis* rest.

¶ *A*, *simul* and *p*, *breve* is short: *duc* make long *gryphis* a griffon, *vibicis* a wheal, the mark of a blow, and genitives ending in *-inis* *et* and *-pnis*, *litis* strife, *quivitis* a [Sabine] spear, *Samnitis* a Samnite, *ditis* rich, *Crenidis* the name of a nymph, *crepidis* a slipper, or kind of herb, *et* and *apsidis* the ring of a wheel, or bending of an arch, *Nesidis* an island in Campania, *gliris* a dormouse; *vires* strength: *Psopbidis* a city of Arcadia *magè* is rather long: *Davidis* David *anceps* is common.

¶ *Ar* and *pr* *longa* have long increases; *at* but *das* you give *breuibus* to short ones *Brycis* the son of Venus slain by Hercules, *ortygis* a quail, or herb like plantane, *cum* with *fornicis* an arch, *varicis* a swell'd vein, *que* and *calicis* a cup, *calycis* a bud, *strigis* a screech-owl, a furrow, *histriceis* a porcupine, *Narycis* a Narycian, one of Magna Graecia in Italy, *coxendicis* an hip, *et* and *elicis* a water-furrow, *orygis* a wild goat, *Stygis* the river Styx [of hell] *natricis* a water-serpent, *choeniceis* a Grecian measure of an allowance of corn for a day, about a quarter of a peck, *que* and *Phrygis* a Phrygian, *laricis* a larch-tree, *onychis* an onyx, *salicis* a willow, *nivis* snow, *que* and *picis* pitch, *que* and *filicis* fern, *maslicis* mastick [gum] *et* and *Cilicis* a Cilician, *Japygis* an Japygian, westerly windy, *et caetera* and the like gentile or proper names: *Bebricis* a king in the Pyrenees, the father of Pyrene, *que* and *appendicis* an appendix *an-*

ceps is common; *sandycis* vermillion *vis* *breviatur* can scarcely be made short.

Q *crescens* increasing *est* is *longum* long: *bovis* an ox *brevi* is short, *finitaque* and words ending in *-nis* or *-nis* (*Cercopis* a Cercopian, a crafty knave, *scopis* a kind of owl, *cyclopis* a cyclops, one-ey'd giant, *hydropis* a dropsy *ademptis* being excepted) *neutrum -oris* a word of the neuter gender which makes *oris* in the genitive (*oris* from *os* a mouth *longo* being long, *que* and *gradibus secundis* comparative degrees) *prædictis* early ripe, *atque* and *leporis* a hare, *memoris* mindful, *arboris* a tree, *compotis* able *et* and *impotis* unable, *gentile* gentile nouns; *atque* and *o μικρόν* the little *u* in Greek words, *ceu* as *propria* proper names: *Orionis* a famous hunter *anceps* is common, *Britonis* a Briton, *Aegæonis* a giant, a great pirate, *Sidonis* a city in Phœnicia, *Samsonis* Samion, *et* and *Edonis* a hill in Thrace.

Rape make short *u*: *duc* but make long *furis* a thief, *frugis* fruit, [of the earth] genitives ending in *udis* *et* and *utis* *et* and *utis* from nominatives in *us*, *lucis* light, *Pollucis* Castor's brother; *brevia* make short however *pecudis* cattle, *que* and *intercutis* inward, between the skin and the flesh, *que* and *Liguris* a Ligurian.

Corripies make short *i*, and *u* *crescens* increasing pluraliter in the plural number: *produc* make long *a*, *e*, and *u*. *Bubus* to or by oxen *est* is *longum* long, *et* and so is *bobus* *opinor* I think.

CHAP. V.

Of the INCREASE of VERBS.

P *Produc* make long *a* *crescens*, increasing: *excipio* except *du* *incremento primo* in the first increase.

Q *quoque* is also long: *ni* except *ram*, *rim*, or *ro*, *sequitur* follows it; *et* and *prima duo tempora* the first two tenses *ternæ* of the third conjugation *breviant* make short *e* *ante* before *r*; *jungas* add the terminations *-beris* *et* and *-bere*; *produc* make long the endings *-teris* and *-tere*; *etunt videtur* seems *variari* to be common, but much oftner long.

A *breve* is short: *produc* but make long *faximus* we would have done it, *nolito* do not, *velimus* we would, *simus* we [may] be *cum vatis* with their derivatives and compounds; *que* and *prima clementa* the first increases *quartae* of the fourth conjugation; *ibi perfectio* in a perfect tense; *rimus et* and *ritis* in the subjunctive mood *varientur* may be made common.

The vowel *ē* *est* is long: *ū* *bnevis* is short; *sed* but *protrabis* you make long the futures ending in *utur et* and *utum*.

CHAP. VI.

Of last SYLLABLES.

A *Sit longum* let *a* be long: *variato* make common *contra a-* gainst *et* and numerals in *-ginta*; *corripe* make short *postea* afterwards, *ita* so, *etia* come on, *quia* because, *et* and *puta* suppose, to wit; *que* and *flexa* words declin'd *casu* with cases: *at* but *protrabis* you make long *sextum* the ablative case; *et* and *quintum* the vocative, *si* if *rectus* the nominative *sit in ag* end in *ag*.

Brevia make short *e*: *produc* make long an *eta*; *et* and *obeso*, *que* and *ferme* commonly, *que* and *fame* with hunger *ut* as *sextum* an ablative case *quintae* of the fifth declension, *et* and *sobolem* adverbs deriv'd from it; *monosyllaba* words of one syllable (*praeter encliticas* except enclitics) *et* and *habe* have *que* and *socios* words like it, *i. e.* verbs of the second conjugation, in the second person singular of the imperative mood active (*at* but *salve* hail, and *vale* farewell *anceps* is common, *cum* with *vide* see, *responde* answer, *cave* beware; *sicque* and so *facile* easily *que* and *ferè* commonly, almost;) *atq;* and *adverbia secundae* adverbs deriv'd from nouns of the second declension (*si demas* if you except *bene* well *cum* and *male* ill) *ut* as *clare* manifestly, *interne* inwardly, *longe* far, *inferne* from beneath, *superne* from above.

Produc make long *i*: *brevia* make short *nisi* unless, *cum* with *quasi* as if, and *sicuti* like as; *junges* add *Graeca* Greek vocatives and datives of the third declension; *solemus* we use *variare* to make common *mibi* to me, *que* and *tibi* to you, *que* and *sibi* to him-self, *sed* but *magis corripies* rather make short *ibi* there,

there, *ubi* where, *et* and *cui* to which *disyllabon* when it is of two syllables.

⊙ *datur* is given *ambiguus* to common quantities : but *Græca* Greek nouns, *et* and *monosyllaba* words of one syllable *longis* to long ones, *que* and *ergo* for the sake, *idcirco* for that reason ; *nata obliquæ* the derivatives and oblique cases *secundæ* of the second declension, *adeo* so *teste* being witness, *ac* and *ideo* therefore ; *modo* only, so that, *melius corripitur* will rather be made short, *cum* with *cedo* give, tell me, *et* and *illico* forthwith, *et* and *immo* yea, nay ; *duo* two, *et* and *junges* add *scio* I know, *nescio* I know not : *vero* but *anceps* is common, *crebro* frequently, *cito* soon, *sedulo* diligently, carefully, *mutuo* mutually, *sero* late.

Est is *longa* long. *Brevis* is short. *Corripe* make short *u*, *u*, and *t* : *verum* but *contractio* contraction *nonnunquam* sometimes *tradit tibi* gives you *t longum* long.

Est is *longum* long : *pronomen* the pronoun *hic* this *varium* is common, *et* and *hec* this (*ne* unless *sexti* it be of the ablative case) *et* and *fac* do, see ; *poetas* poets *malunt brevitate* chuse to make short *nec* neither, *donec* until. *Corripe* make short *i* : *at* but *produc* make long *sal* salt, *sol* the sun ; *nil* nothing ; *multaq* ; *Hebraea* and many Hebrew words

Eclipsis *Eclipsis vorat* cuts off *m*, *prisci* the ancients *solebant* used *brevitate* to make it short.

Est is *longum* long : *brevitas* you make short a noun ending in *en* whose genitive makes *nis* increasing short ; *Græcumquedatium* and the Greek dative plural in *in* ; *cuncta* all nouns *secundæ* of the second declension ; *et* and *quartum* an accusative case, *si* if *ultima* the last syllable *recti* of its nominative *brevis* is short ; *adice* add *forsitan* it may be, *in* in or into, *forsan* perhaps, *tamen* yet, *an* whether, or, *viden* do you see, and words apocoped in like manner ; *at* but *Maro* Virgil *inquit* says *tun* ille are you he, and *Horatius* Horace *nemon* ut : both the *u* and the *u* long.

Est brevis is short : *duc* make long *far* corn, *Lar* a household god, *Nar* a river of Ombria, *par* even, *quoq* ; and *Græcum* a Greek noun ending in *-et* *crescens* which increases, *ver* the spring, *et* and *Iber* an Iberian, *hir* the hollow of the hand, *cur* why, *fur* a thief ; *cor* a heart *oix* is scarcely short ; *Celiber* a Celtiberian, of north Spain, *anceps* is common.

Produc make long *as* : *sed* but *corripe* make short *anas* a duck, *cum quartis* and the accusatives plural *ternæ* of the third declension

declension *Graecorum* of Greek nouns; *et* and *rectum* the nominative singular, *se* if *patrius* the genitive *exit* end *per* *adis* in *adis* increasing short.

Es dabitur shall be given *longis* to long ones: *breviter crescentia* nouns increasing short *curtis* to short ones, *praeter* except *pes* a foot, *aries* a ram, *paries* a wall, *que* and *abies* a fir-tree, *qua* and *Ceres* the goddess of corn; *et* and *corripe* make short *es* you are *de* from *sum* I am, *penes* in the power of; *et* and *Graeca crescentia* Greek nouns increasing in *recto et quinto plurali* in the nominative and vocative plural; *jungito* add *neutra* nouns of the neuter gender.

Corripies make short *is et* and *us*: *exripe* except *casus plurales* cases of the plural-number; *que* and *vis* force and *vis* you will, *foris* without doors, *gratis* for nothing; *et* and *habentia* nouns that have *crementum longum* a long increase; *verbum* and the second person singular of a verb *dans* making *itis* with the penult long *plurali* in its plural; *at* but *forte* perhaps *varies* you may make common *ris* of the second person singular *futuri subjunctivi* of the subjunctive future, *et* and *sanguis* blood *et* and *ignis* fire.

Produc make long *us*: *sed* but *excipies* except *os ossis* a bone *et* and *exos* boneless, *compos* having the power *et* and *impos* without power; *et* and *neutra* the neuters *Graecorum* of the Greeks; *junges his* add to these *cuncta* all nouns *secundae* of the second declension (*nisi* except *patrius* their genitive *det o* end in *o*) *que* and *patrios pelasgos* Greek genitive cases.

Us ponatur breve let *us* be reckon'd short: *produc* make long *monosyllaba* words of one syllable; *que* and *queis* *crementum* nouns whose increase *est* is *longum* long; *que* and *patrium* the genitive case *numeri prioris* of the singular number *quartae* of the fourth declension, *cum primo quarto quintoque*; with the nominative, accusative and vocative *secundi* of the plural number; *et* and *conflata* nouns derived *a* from *πῆς*; *que* and *itidem* likewise *Graeca* Greek nouns *contracta* contracted in *recto* in the nominative case, *ac* and *patrio* in the genitive; *et* and *venerandum nomen* the adorable name *Iesus* Jesus.

Ausonii the Latins, *secuti* following *Graecos* the Greeks, *extendunt* make long *monosyllaba quaedam curta* some short monosyllables.

Ultima the last syllable *carminis* of a verse *erit* will be *anceps* common.

